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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

GENERALITIES.

2,500 collieries are using up England's coal.

GARIBALDI is teaching a female seminary.

THE Illinois ship canal project is looking up.

GEN. PRIM has much money invested in U. S. 5 20's.

GREEN corn is very good just now in Southern markets.

SHIRLEY BROOKS succeeds Mark Lemon as editor of *Punch*.

CHICAGO has about three hundred and forty-six policemen.

A FOUNDLING hospital is the desire of the New Orleans heart.

SIX students enjoy all the privileges of the University of Alabama.

PROF. RUDOLPH LEONHARDT is writing a serial tale for the Beaver *Radical*.

A BANQUET in Paris celebrated the anniversary of the birth of Messmer, the Red Doctor.

TWO of Benedict Arnold's old chairs were recently sold in New Brunswick for $1275 each.

HEMLBOLD's horses' tails are arranged into chatelaine braides and he drives six of them at once.

JOHN FOSTER KIRK, author of the History of Charles the Bold is now editor of Lippincott's Magazine.

GEO. HUDSON, ex railroad king of England, has been put in charge of the Sunderland Docks, with $10,000 salary.

IN Wisconsin a boy died of a bean in the throat. We have known people to die of something else a bein' in their throats.

A LADY named Miss Carrie F. Young, has started, in San Francisco, the Pacific Coast *Journal*, an anti-woman's rights monthly.

A REWARD of $1,500 is offered for the arrest of the murderers of Colonel Hamilton R. Bogle, in Tazewell county, Va., a few days since.

A HIGH MINDED Connecticut man took a noble way to vent his malice against a clergyman. He went into his garden and pulled up all his vegetables.

THE seventy-six year old woman who carries on a farm, and saws and splits two cords of hickory wood without whining, is now living in Chester county.

NEAR Birmingham, Iowa on Sunday last, a runaway horse caused the death of Mrs. Greenup Smith, and the fatal wounding of her mother, Mrs. Johnson.

AMONG the Indian chiefs at the recent council in the Creek Nation, were Frog Sixkiller, Piessant Porter, Lawyer Gibbons, Chilly McIntosh and John Jumper.

MR. M. B. LOWRY in a letter says, "whom the gods would destroy they first make mad," and as he appears to be very mad at somebody we presume we may hope for the best.

IN Indianola, TEXAS, where water is one dollar a bucket, a large portion of the population is said to be delighted because whiskey being the same price, it does not pay to adulterate.

THERE is a tide in the affairs of men, which taken at its flood leads on to fortune. A Massachusetts man, who has for some months sold a patent medicine, has just in the nick of time turned undertaker.

A GERMAN inventor is exhibiting a talking machine at Bremen. It is made of wood and caoutchouc, and is of life size, in the form of a woman. It chatters away like any living member of the sex.

THE *Builder* announces that *false chig nons*, plaits and curls can be, and have been made of spun glass, which, for cleanliness and other reasons, is preferable to human hair, hitherto used for that purpose.

A WOMAN was fatally stabbed at Cobden, Illinois, last week, by another woman. They were engaged in picking strawberries, and entered into a quarrel about politics, which resulted as above. The murderess is in jail.

BOSTON book stores were ridiculous enough to close and be draped in mourning because Dickens is dead. We have heard of public libraries doing the same and are glad our own evinced a greater sense of the fitness of things.

TWO white gentlemen who were sitting in a second-class car on a railroad leading into Savannah were hustled out of it by some negroes, who claimed that that was their exclusive place, and that they didn't like to be sitting with white folks who would smoke cigars.

The Harrison (Texas) *Flag* says: "The flow of immigration into Texas does not abate in the least. Every steamboat up Red river is crowded with people who are coming to Texas, while the number who have taken the overland route cannot be estimated. In one more year our State will be nearly filled up."

THE culture of orange trees in Calcasieu parish, La., which received little or no notice until within the last few years, is attracting the attention of the lake and river settlers, and thousands upon thousands of young trees have within the last few years been set out. The bearing trees are filled with young oranges and the crop this year promises to be a large one.

A MIDDLE aged woman, name unknown, went to a dentist in Philadelpnia on Thursday to have her teeth extracted. He gave her chloroeform and pulled out three teeth, when the woman revived and asked for more chloroform, which she received. The dentist then pulled out ten teeth, after which he concluded there was no necessity for pulling any more and sent for the coroner.

THE Raleigh (*N. C.*) *Sentinel* says: There is an eccentric stranger, rather shabbily clad and of somewhat ruddy complexion, going about this city, who has a strange fancy for borrowing odd sums of money, of small amounts. We have heard of his trying to borrow of one man 53 cents, of another 43 cents, and about noon he attempted to levy a contribution on us of 32 cents, which was to be repaid this afternoon or to morrow morning.

LOUISVILLE has a new iron jail, each cell of which is made of iron, and it was supposed to be burglar-proof. On Tuesday morning two illicit distillers cut through an iron bar with a pocket knife, pried open an iron door, cut a hole in a brick wall and a flue, jumped twenty feet and escaped. As one of the men would have been released next week, it is thought he escaped merely to show how easily the new jail could be broken.

SOME boys in Zanesville were playing with an old musket supposed to be unloaded. One put his eye at the muzzle and called upon the boy holding the gun to fire. This he refused to do, because he said the cap was so near his face it would hurt him. This did not hinder him from pointing the musket at Frank Coplin, who was farther away.

Dearest Frankie thou hast left us,
And thy loss we deeply feel,
is what the Philadelphia *Ledger* would have said of the result.

THE sexton of Trinity Church, New York, and his assistants have received instructions to lock all the doors of the edifice on Sundays immediately before the commencement of the sermon, and to keep them so until the service is concluded. The regulation went into effect last Sunday and produced much dissatisfaction among those who attempted to leave before the conclusion of the services. The sexton was deaf to their entreaties and locked them prisoners until the end. Only one succeeded in securing his release through a middle door by threatening a suit for false imprisonment.

M. G. PAYNE has been living for over a year in open adultery with Jane Alsop, in Crawford county, near the line of Perry, Indiana. A short time since, during the temporary absence of Payne, eight or ten women, disguised, repaired to his residence, dragged the woman from her bed, stripped her naked, whipped her in a terrible manner, and poured turpentine over her smarting wounds. They then extorted a promise from her that she would live with Payne no longer, and left. Payne, a desperate character, threatens to mete out the same punishment to every one of the women engaged in the affair.

How is This for Lo?

[From the Boise City (Idaho) News.]

Harper's Weekly contains a highly poetical allusion to Sarah Winnemucca, the interesting daughter of Mr. Winnemucca, Chief of the Piutes, whose gallant exploits in stealing horses and cutting the tongues out of defenceless emigrants will long be remembered by the people of Nevada and Southern Idaho with feelings of just pride and admiration. Now, this noble aborigine daughter, Sarah—no less—is to come in for a share of the honors which have been lavished so unsparingly in days gone by upon her illustrious sire, the old gentleman, Winnemucca. Miss Sarah, says *Harper's Weekly*, "has written (?) a very sagacious letter to the Indian Commissioner Parker, in which she has eloquently portrayed the wrongs of her race." What infernal needles some of those Eastern people are. If we are not very much mistaken we had the pleasure of seeing, some years ago, Miss Sarah at Camp McDermott, Nevada. She and a few other interesting relics of the "noble red man" were being fatted at the fort during that winter for the spring campaign against Idaho emigrants. The emigration having stopped for the season, "there were no other worlds to conquer," so Sarah and her tribe were about to fare badly, as the supply of dried scalps, grasshoppers and lice had been exhausted. Their condition excited the sympathy of Uncle Sam's boys at the fort, so they were taken in and cared for until spring, when they resumed their favorite pastime of stealing and murdering. But it is our recollections of Miss Sarah we propose to recite. Sarah was at that time about sweet sixteen or twenty—it would be difficult to judge of her exact age from her appearance, owing to a careless habit she had acquired of never washing her beautifully chiselled features. But as we had been taught to judge the age of a cow by the wrinkles on her horns, or the age of a tree by the belts of growth on its trunk, so we made a slather at Miss Sarah's age by the number of scales of greasy dirt which naturally accumulated on the ridge of her comely countenance during the lapse of years. She was about four or five feet high—how is that for "LO"—and not quite as broad as she was narrow. Her raven tresses, which had been permitted to coy with the sportive breeze, unbound, unwashed, and uncombed, from the earliest childhood, stood out in elegant and awry confusion from her classically shaped *cabese*, which contributed to her contour an air of romantic splendor. Her style of dress, though primitive, closely assimilated that worn by her more fashionable sisters in Idaho and other big towns. It was the fashion of the day, slightly exaggerated, consisting of an elegant scarf, about a foot wide cut from as ancient horse blanket, which was gracefully girded round her delicate waist—the circumference of which, owing to the scarcity of clover and fresh crickets at that season, had materially diminished over which hung a beautiful set of skeleton hoops. These completed the toggery of this sweet and simple daughter of nature. Her feet were encased in moccasins, and showed evident indications of hard service and long walks over the rocky hills and sage bush plains, and the mud of her native hearth, crisp and dry, clung tenaciously to her toes. And we are glad to announce that this divinity was treated during her brief sojourn among the white savages with the respect due her exalted rank and birthright—as the only daughter and heiress of that noble old chief, Winnemucca. If Miss Sarah has improved her time as well since we saw her, as she evidently did previous to to that, we are not only hesitancy in pronouncing her at this day the most accomplished young lady, well qualified to write a "sagacious letter to Commissioner Parker" or to make a valuable contribution to *Harper's Weekly*.

ON the night of the 10th instant, W. R. Vann, living near Evansville, Indiana, was attacked by James Broadherst and John C. Handley, who knocked him down five times. When down the fifth time, Handley threw himself upon Vann, and was beating him about the head and face, when Vann succeeded in getting out his knife and drove it into Handley's throat just under the jaw bone, inflicting a wound that may prove fatal. This cut was not sufficient to drive him off, and three more cuts were inflicted, one on the lower hip and two on the left leg. One of those on the leg cut completely through all the muscles and the large blood vessels of the lower part of the calf, to the bone, the other making a wound about four inches long, about three inches above the ankle. The wound on the hip was insignificant. Vann says that the villians were making every effort to get him into a gutter, about two feet deep, by the road side, with the evident intention of murdering him, when he drew his knife and Handley got on his deathbed. The cause of the attack was as follows: Several days previous, Broadherst and Handley went to the house of a neighbor named Knapp, and gave whisky to his five little mother less girls, the oldest only ten years old, playing them to walk a line. The mother was all drunk, which so exasperated their father that, as soon as he heard of it, he took a gun and started out with the avowed intention of shooting both of them, but failed to execute his threat. Vann, in conversation relative to this affair, said that, had the children been his, he would have done what Knapp threatened to do. This remark coming to the ears of Handley and Broadherst, they determined to give Vann a beating, and the attempt resulted as above stated.

NORTH ADAMS, June 14.—A party of seventy-five Chinese emigrants, brought here by Mr Calvin S. Simpson, an enterprising shoe manufacturer, arrived here last evening. They run the gauntlet of a mob of angry white "Crispins," and took up their quarters in lodgings fitted up for them. When the strangers arrived a large crowd assembled at the depot, hooting, throwing stones, and threatening worse violence, but the Chinamen took it very coolly. The local police showed a firm front, and only one or two slight assaults were made, the perpetrators of which were promptly arrested and fined. The "Crispins" are still in great excitement, however, and are holding a meeting to-night to consult as to measures of defense against these cheaply-working Celestials. The outside community receive the event with genuine pleasure, and Mr. Sampson is overwhelmed with congratulations as to his pluck and enterprise. The Chinamen have generally spent the day in fitting up their bunks, and bathing and resting after their journey, but some have tried their hands in the workshop, and have astonished all spectators by their readiness in learning what is an entirely new trade to them. They are mostly young men, seem to be very intelligent and eager to learn, and appear to be greatly pleased with their first glimpse of New England scenery and manners. They have a foreman of their own race, and work for twenty-three dollars a month and lodgings and fuel, they boarding themselves in their own fashion, and Mr. Sampson furnishing two Chinese cooks. The establishment is strongly guarded on account of "Crispin" threats of blowing it up, but no violence is seriously apprehended, though no Chinamen will venture off the grounds for the present.

THE Chicago *Tribune* of Thursday says: Three boys, two of them aged 13 and the other 15, some of well known gentlemen of this city, disappeared under very mysterious circumstances on Sunday morning, and have neither been seen nor heard from since. Two of the lads are the sons of Mr. N. M. Tuttle, residing at No. 545 West Monroe street. On Sunday morning, between eight and nine o'clock, they left home and Sunday school. When they had gone several blocks they met a son of Mr. Schenkel, about thirteen years of age, who joined them. They started down the street together, and since then nothing has been seen of either.

THE Governor of North Carolina offers a reward of $500 for the arrest of the perpetrators of some twenty murders or rapes committed since February.

—Late correspondence from Havana leaves scarcely a doubt of the failure of the Upton expedition to Cuba. A number of men and about two thousand stand of arms were landed and almost immediately afterward captured. The steamer, escaping from the Spanish gunboats, sailed for Aspinwall. Bad management is ascribed as the cause of the disaster.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1870. VOL. LXXXV.—NO. 149.

FIRST EDITION. MIDNIGHT.

XLIST CONGRESS.
(SECOND SESSION.)

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 17, 1870.

SENATE.

MR. POMEROY, from Committee on Public Lands, reported without amendment the House bill to amend the Homestead act, extending it to soldiers.

MR. CAMERON called up the House joint resolution amendatory of the joint resolution for the relief of certain officers of the army, passed July, 1866.

The resolution was amended so as to provide for compensation from date of commission to officers who were commissioned while in rebel prisons, the present law dating pay from date of muster in, and passed.

Mr. EDMUNDS called up the House bill to construe certain acts therein cited relative to pensions. Passed.

MR. STEWART moved to take up the bill to prohibit contracts for servile labor, remarking he did not want servile labor to compete with free labor in this country if it could be prevented.

The bill was taken up and various amendments suggested it was laid over for a day or two.

MR. SUMNER moved to take up the bill for a pension to Mrs. Lincoln.

MR. EDMUNDS objected, but Mr. Sumner's motion was carried—31 to 24.

MR. EDMUNDS spoke in opposition to the bill till the expiration of the morning hour, when the Franking bill came up, but was passed over for the consideration of the calendar.

A number of bills were read, but without action the Senate took up the postoffice appropriation bill in Committee of the Whole.

The amendment of the Committee on Appropriations restricting free letter delivery to cities of over forty thousand inhabitants was concurred in.

MR. RAMSEY moved as an amendment the House bill abolishing the franking privilege.

MR. STEWART renewed the amendment of Mr. Drake continuing the present provisions of the law for the transmission of newspapers. Adopted—yeas 42, nays 11.

The question being on Mr. Ramsey's amendment, Mr. MORRELL, Vermont, moved to further modify by continuing the franking privilege to the Executive Department and Agricultural Department, to petitions, &c.

Messrs. HOWARD and MORTON opposed the amendment as a half way measure, preferring to try the experiment of a total repeal of the franking system.

The amendment was rejected—18 to 31.

Mr. SPENCER moved an amendment that the abolition of the franking privilege shall not take effect until January 1st, 1871. Lost—21 to 28.

Mr. RAMSEY gave notice of an amendment which, on his motion, was referred to the Committee on Appropriations—providing for the payment of Postmaster Randall's salary during Congress and the Departments, and making appropriations to defray expenses.

Mr. SUMNER moved as an amendment his proposition to reduce the expenses of carrying mails, providing for a one penny postage system, &c.

At four o'clock the Senate went into executive session and at 5:30 took a recess.

Evening Session.—The Senate proceeded with the Postoffice Appropriation bill, the question being upon Mr. Sumner's substitute for the franking bill, providing for a system of one cent postage for mailing in envelopes three ounces printed matter, regulating rates on newspapers, books, &c., authorizing stamped envelopes for the benefit of soldiers and limiting the cost of mail service on any railroad to thirty dollars a mile annually, and requiring all postoffice accounts to be cash.

After a long discussion the Senate at 11:30 voted upon Mr. Sumner's substitute, which was rejected—yeas 13, nays 25.

An amendment by Mr. NYE, to provide for a two cent letter postage, was agreed to—yeas 32, nays 14.

Mr. MORTON said the adoption of this amendment necessitated an additional appropriation for the postoffice of seven or eight hundred thousand dollars.

Mr. TRUMBULL said he was in favor of the abolition of the franking privilege, but would vote against the amendments when reported from the Committee of the Whole.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MR. CHURCHILL, from Election Committee, made a report in the Kentucky contested election case, that Mr. Whittlesey was not entitled to a seat, and that Mr. Grinter, sitting member, is. The report was agreed to.

MR. COBB, Wis., from Committee on Military Affairs, reported back the House bill to equalize bounties of soldiers, allowing eight and one-third dollars to non commissioned officers, soldiers and seamen who served in the late service between the 15th of April, 1861, and 4th of March, 1865, and that the petitions and resolutions already had, which passed.

MR. PALMER, from the Library Committee, reported a joint resolution instructing the architect of the Capitol to transfer to the conservatory of the United States Botanical Garden the stone presented by the city of Rome to the late President Lincoln, and now in the crypt of the Capitol.

Mr. CULLOM offered a substitute to have it transferred to the Lincoln Monument Association at Springfield, Illinois.

The substitute was agreed to and the joint resolution passed.

The jbill granting Yerba Buena Island to the Western Pacific Railroad Co. and the Legislature came up as the unfinished business of yesterday. It was discussed at some length and then postponed.

Mr. SCHENCK, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported back the Senate joint resolution to admit free of duty printed matter imported in behalf of the widow of John M. Stanley, not exceeding 21,000 copies. Passed.

Several bills granting pensions were reported from the Committee on Invalid Pensions and passed.

One of the bills reported was to restore the pension of Robert C. Bybee, of Tennessee, she having been deprived of it because she could not take the test oath. It appeared from the report that she was the daughter of John Adair, a Revolutionary soldier, afterwards Governor of Kentucky, and the widow of Colonel W. P. Anderson, a soldier of the war of 1812, who died of wounds received in war.

Pending the discussion the House proceeded to the consideration of District of Columbia business, and several bills were passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote rejecting the Yerba Buena bill was entered.

The bill to pave Pennsylvania avenue was discussed until adjournment.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A heavy silk crop is anticipated in Italy this season.

Red Cloud and party left New York yesterday for Chicago and home.

—Herr Hübner, sent by the Prussian Govern to inspect the gold mines in Southern Africa, reports them worthless.

—Gen. Hoffman, of New York, has vetoed the bill discriminating against foreign insurance companies in the matter of taxation.

An Italian beggar-woman was arrested in New York, on Thursday, for sticking pins in the arms of her infant, so that by its cries the sympathies of passers-by might be excited.

—Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte died Baltimore, yesterday, aged nearly sixty-five years. His disease was cancer of the throat. His mother-in-law, Mrs. Patterson, died on the same day.

—The boat race on the river Lee, on Wednesday, between the first crew of the Harvard Scientific school and Brown University Freshmen crew resulted in a victory for the Harvards by half a dozen lengths.

—Margaret Daly has been convicted at Brooklyn, N. Y., of manslaughter in the third degree, in killing her uncle, Rev. Peter Duffley, an ex-Catholic priest, and sentenced to four years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

—Thursday, at Delavan, Tazewell county, Ill., Mrs. Sue Hall committed suicide by cutting her throat with a razor. She was highly respected and had been married but a year. She left a note for her husband, simply saying "good bye, husband."

—The suit of John Mitchell against General John A. Dix, for libel, for $50,000 for false arrest and imprisonment in Fortress Monroe during the war, was argued yesterday on demurrer, Mr. Mitchell's intention to transfer the case to the Federal Court.

—A Toronto dispatch says the latest news from Fort Garry is that Riel can muster three hundred fighting men, which could be swelled to three times that number, provided there was an outbreak. The feeling against Riel is prevalent opinion in the Red River settlement is that Riel will not make any determined resistance to the Wolseley expedition forces.

—A meeting of the shareholders of the Canada Southern Railroad took place on Thursday at the Clifton House, Niagara Falls, when a permanent organization was effected. The following were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year: John McTeacy, President of Rock Island Company; William L. Scott, Vice President Erie and Pittsburgh Company; Sidney Dillon, Director Union Pacific Company; Marion Courtwright, Director of Lake Shore, Rock Island and Northwestern Companies; Daniel Drew, New York; William A. Thompson, President of Erie and Niagara Company; Oliver A. Chapman, New York; Benjamin F. Hall, New Jersey; and Jerome W. Whitmon, Erie, Pa.

Daring Bank Robbery at Louisville.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, June 17.—The Mechanics Bank, this city, was this evening about five o'clock the scene of a bold and daring robbery. Henry L. Pope, cashier, was at the time alone in the bank. Two men entered and one placing a knife at the throat of Pope, threatened him with instant death if he uttered a word. The other taking a handkerchief saturated with chloroform put it over his face and threw a shawl over his head, and as soon as the chloroform took effect, carried Pope to a room in the back part of the building and locked him in. The robbers then proceeded in a systematic manner with their work of cleaning out the bank. Sixty thousand dollars in money was secured and carried off, and twelve or thirteen thousand dollars left scattered all over the floor. A clerk returning at half past eight o'clock discovered the bank doors open and called in two policemen, who, hearing a groan from the rear of the building, discovered and relieved Mr. Pope from his disagreeable situation. He was still unconscious, and it was some time before he recovered from the effects of drug administered. The bank was robbed about thirty years since, when Banker, book-keeper, was killed, and Julian, cashier, severely wounded. The robber, Dix, was discovered in the act and blew his brains out to prevent arrest.

SECOND EDITION. FOUR O'CLOCK

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 17, 1870.

CUBAN BONDS INVESTIGATION.

The House Select Committee on Cuban bonds closed their investigation to-day and will on Monday make a report. Representative Fitch testified he had never seen Taylor, and Representative McCormick that, though he occupied rooms in Taylor's house, he never conversed with him.

SAN DOMINGO TREATY.

The testimony before the Senate Select Committee on the San Domingo treaty was closed last night, and the committee will meet to-morrow for consultation and to prepare a report. After the report is made the consideration of the treaty will be resumed. It has been proven that Davis Hatch was held a prisoner by the Dominican Government because it was feared if at liberty he would damage the annexation project. This is shown by official documents. The testimony in the case has been sent to the printer and will be considered confidential until the Committee makes report.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

A Democratic caucus last night about fifty members of Congress were present, including four Senators. The object is to secure concert of action on public measures. A paper is in preparation, to be addressed to their Southern friends, with regard to the election of members of Congress.

APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED.

The following nominations have been confirmed: James R. Bedford, Associate Judge of Supreme Court, Colorado; James B. McKean, of New York, Chief Justice of Supreme Court, Utah; C. C. Crome, of Alabama, Secretary of Utah.

THE RUMORED CABINET CHANGES.

Inquiries were made to-day at various sources as to the truth of the rumors of further Cabinet changes, but nothing was obtained to show they were well founded.

REFERRED.

The nomination of Ackerman as Attorney General was this afternoon in executive session of the Senate referrred to the Committee on Judiciary.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, June 17.—It is reported that Charles Dickens leaves, including the value of his copyrights, nearly eighty thousand pounds as the result of his labors. Wilkie Collins will edit the conclusion of his novel, Edwin Drood, from the outlines left in his manuscript.

The press of this city continues to interest the appointment of Prevost Paradol.

The Great Eastern was successfully launched at Jarrow Durham yesterday.

There were unusually heavy transactions in Havana sugar yesterday.

Lord Hatherly has given a decision on the validity of the will of the late Samuel Morton, of Liverpool, who left his fortune to Dr. Hess, His Grace the Lord Bishop of Ripon decided the proofs of incapacity of the deceased to make a will were conclusive.

The British Premier approves treating the Fenian raiders on Canada with all legal severity. If an American jury can be found to convict them they should be sentenced to the utmost penalty of the law. A three months' imprisonment would practically be nothing.

A Vienna dispatch says the Pope refuses to make a compromise on the question of infallibility, which he hopes will receive the unanimous assent of the Council.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 17.—The great drought is now over, and the anticipated disaster to the crops averted. Thunder storms and heavy rains in succession have fallen, which has relieved the drooping and withered plants.

Municipal elections will occur throughout France next the end of July.

The European Cable Company have relinquished the monopoly they enjoyed in landing cables on the coast of France in exchange for the right of amalgamating with other companies.

In the Corps Legislatif to-day C. Valdrome, Minister of the Interior, declared the early assembling of the Council of State not contemplated by the Government. A Deputy subsequently interpellation on the return of the Orleans princes to France, and the right of the head of the family, and the restoration of their property.

M. Duvernois and all other editors of the *Opinion Nationale*, the Court journal, have resigned. The circumstances leading to the declaration of Duvernois, was that their policy was too liberal and that the editorial staff, in a recent report, however, is that the real cause is a disagreement between M. Olliver and Duvernois.

The *Journal Officiel* contradicts the report of the illness of the Emperor and Prince Napoleon and states both are in good health.

CUBA.

HAVANA, June 17.—The *Diario* and *Voz De Cuba* comment on President Grant's message on Cuban affairs. Everybody talks of it and the Spaniards praise Grant's conduct. Prominent persons express the hope that Congress will send a special Commission to the Island to see matters for themselves and disprove the erroneous statements published in United States papers by Cuban sympathizers.

The Captain General telegraphs that all the important part of the steamer Upton's cargo was captured by the insurgents. She was also carrying boxes of arms and ammunition, were surprised, four killed and their train captured, and subsequently had a skirmish in which they taken prisoner. Fourteen of the party only remain, who are under command of Col. Lono. They have fled to the mountains, closely pursued by the troops. The dispatch don't state whether Lono landed with the first party at Baracoa, or was at the head of the second expedition.

MARINE NEWS.

MOVILLE, June 17.—Arrived, steamer India, from New York for Glasgow.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, June 17.—Cotton, sales for the week 47,000, export 5,000, speculation 2,000, stock 428,000, American 367,000; receipts for the week 70,000, American 56,000; stock afloat 57,000, American 115,000 bales; market to-day dull; lower middling uplands 10¾@10⅞d; orleans 10¾@10⅞d; fair Dhollerah 9¾d; middling fair Dhollerah 9¾d; good fair 10d; good middling 9⅞d; fair Bengal 6¾d; middling fair 7¾d; good fair 8d; middling 7½d; fair Pernam 10¾d; middling fair 10d; good fair 10¼d; middling 9¾d; fair Egyptian 11¼d; good fair 11¾d; middling 10¾d; Smyrna fair 8¾d; good fair 9¼d; middling 8¼d; Barley 5s. Peas 37s. Receipts of wheat for three days 22,500 qrs, 17,500 American. Provisions dull. Pork 92s. Beef 110s. Lard firmer, not higher 70s. Cheese quiet 67s. Bacon 56s 6d Cumberland, and 62s 6d short rib. Produce unchanged.

LONDON, June 17.—Tallow dull at 45s 6d@45s 9d. Sugar easier but not lower. Naval stores quiet. Linseed cakes, £12 10s.

HAVRE, June 17.—Cotton heavy at 118f.

LONDON, June 17.—Consols for money 92⅞, on account 92⅞. American securities quiet; 62, 90⅛; '65, 89½; '67, 88⅝; 10-40's, 87.

FRANKFORT, June 17.—Bonds firm at 95½. Stocks quiet. Erie, 18½; Illinois, 141; Great Western, 28⅝.

PARIS, June 17.—Bourse closed quiet at 3d. 27c.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were admitted of record in the office of Thomas H. Hunter, Recorder for Allegheny county, Wednesday, June 15, 1870.

Conrad Mingdorf to Conrad Stern, Dec. 17, 1869; 22 by 129 feet on Iten street, Allegheny, with buildings.....$2,150

Theodore Roth to George Staab, Sept. 4, 1869; 60 perches of land in Chartiers township, with buildings.....$3,000

John Mackey to David Mackey, June 4, 1870; 105 perches of land in Versailles township, with buildings.....$800

W. G. Hawkins to J. C. Newmeyer, June 1, 1870; 1 acre and 16 perches of land in Wilkins township.....$1,400

Thomas R. Updike-trus to James L. Graham, May 21, 1870; 54 by 120 feet on Stocton avenue, Allegheny, with buildings.....$11,400

John Hamill to John Wendel, June 2, 1870; 20 by 120 feet on Jane street, East Birmingham, with buildings.....$4,000

Margaret Ringler to C. Solinsky, Dec. 19, 1870; 60 feet on Larkins alley, East Birmingham.....$1,300

James Martin to John P. Eaton, May 4, 1870; 41¾ perches of land in Scott township with buildings.....$400

John Mackey to H. Mackey, June 4, 1870; 80 and 4-10 perches of land in North Versailles township.....$200

James L. Larimer to Wm. Haslage, June 14, 1870; an irregular lot on Market alley, Pittsburgh, known as the Black Bear property, with buildings.....$45,000

Edward Boland to Joseph M. Gazzam, April 1, 1870; 6 acres and 11 78-100 perches of land in Chartiers township.....$1,000

Margaret Boland to Same, 3 acres and 148 25-100 perches in the above township.....$6,000

Wm. F. Stoddard to James Aten, March 3, 1870; 78¾ acres of land in Moon township, with buildings.....$5,000

Mary E. Murray to Samuel Robinson, April 20, 1870; 20 by 72 feet on Scott street, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh.....$160

Ellen Maloney et al. to John Ripper, June 14, 1870; 25 by 120 feet on Charlotte street, Pittsburgh.....$950

James R. Mellon to Walter Butler, Dec. 16, 1869; 75 by 129 feet in Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,000

John G. Brown to Thomas Hogan, June 6, 1870; 20 by 100 feet on Penn avenue.....$900

Mary J. Phillips to Wm. Donnell, July 14, 1869; 20 by 60 feet on Jane street, East Birmingham.....$650

W. Shaw to Wm. Ludgen, April 19, 1870; 94 by 100 feet on Irwins alley, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh.....$400 50-100

J. K. Cubbage to John Driscoll, Feb. 15, 1870; 50 by 150 feet in Village of Grantsville.....$400

Richard R. Breed to A. Whitesell, May 16, 1870; 2 lots in Breeds plan, Mckeesport.....$200

Common Pleas—Judge Stowe.

FRIDAY, June 17.—In the case of James Walterson vs. the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company the jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $6,000.

Long & McKenney vs. John Fritzby. Action in replevin. Jury out.

EPISCOPAL.

Report of the Committee on the State of the Church to the Convention of the Diocese of Pittsburgh, June 16, 1870.

[Tabular statement omitted.]

In preparing and presenting to the Convention a condensed tabular statement of the state of the Church within the Diocese to be published with the Journals as required in Rule of Order No. XIX, your Committee deem it proper to add a brief statement by way of supplementing the statistics found in the Parochial Reports and the Bishop's address.

They would call attention especially to the following facts: That the large indebtedness of some of our parishes has been removed or considerably diminished; that there are much fewer arrearages of Rectors' salaries than last year, and those of smaller amounts; and that there has been an increase in the number of free churches to an extent that enables the Bishop to say that "pews are rented in only about one-fourth of our churches," clearly indicating a purpose to bring the Church to the masses of our people, and to claim that support and allegiance which is due and will be given to a Church truly Catholic in fact as well as in name. The Church cannot fulfil her Divine mission, so long as she is content to minister to a class, or to the classes represented by pew-renters or owners, and by the pauper beneficiaries whom her alms may attract. The church doors must be thrown open to all comers, and pew-doors abolished, and in cases where this is impracticable, services must be multiplied at convenient hours, as recommended by the House of Bishops; and then, for the love of Jesus, we must go out into the streets and the workshops and compel to come in those for whom He died.

Many of the parochial reports are made out so imperfectly that your committee have had great difficulty in fulfilling the duties imposed upon them. While the facts exhibited show much improvement in some directions, they feel compelled to remark that they also betray very serious defects in the practical working of parishes. There is a lack of efficiency and of success from not using the best methods, and calling into action proper energies.

Your Committee call attention in the form Parochial reports, to the statistics for the year, to the points to which attention should be given in parochial work. As examples, they may refer to the columns for mails communicants, and male Sunday School teachers and lay helpers. They felt it to be important to know whether this Church is reaching the men as well as the women among us, and whether the men as well as the women are giving liberally to their "vocation and ministry" as Christian workers.

The column headed "Appointed Lay Helpers," they may refer to, as designed to elicit the information whether there are yet in our parishes, in addition to Sunday school teachers reported in another place, lay deacons and women regularly working in the parish, under license of the Bishop, or appointment of the minister in assisting specific ministries. For it is felt that the church must fail to accomplish, with any degree of fullness, the work, unless her clergy are able to call to their aid the services of her laity. The work is to be done by the laity, and the Church must emphatically for the revival of some of those minor orders of ministration which in such power existed in the days of the Apostles and by the church of the next succeeding ages. Earnest and intelligent laymen have been employed with good effect in primitive times. If the minister will lead them on in his own zeal and energy, they can share the labor and the reward of winning souls to Christ and His Church, by lay-reading by the unauthorized exhortation, by distributing tottage lectures, and by teaching and exhortation. And the work of Christian women must be made even more helpful to the Master of Christ. The minister must learn how to set them to work, and to guide them in this direction, and they will find employment in the industrial schools for girls; in visiting, reading to, and praying with the sick; in gathering together weekly or monthly meetings of the women of the district or neighborhood among the working classes, visiting them regularly, promoting their mutual acquaintance, cultivating their social element, drawing them and their families to the Church, and helping them to find in it their home. In gathering Bible classes of men, and teaching them. Here success has been remarkable, whenever they have given themselves heartily and obediently to this work.

It seems evident to your committee that the practical and sure way of putting new life and giving healthy growth to the diocese and parishes in our manufacturing towns would be the discreet and wise use of Christian lay agency, under the direct supervision of the clergy. In this connection it may be suggested that the solution of the question of parish buildings in the future will be found in what shall have called to our aid the voluntary help of refined Christian women, gratuitously rendered, for the most part, in the form of small ones. The Pittsburgh Church Home might be mentioned as a plan, and also St. Andrew's will be found virtually and properly Mission Churches to the down-town population, and after strong and wealthy parishes will be in what are now the wealthy parishes forethought will not only not place any obstacle in the way of this natural development of the situation, but will begin in time to make adequate provision for the effective work of these mobile parishes in their new relation. An essential part of the plan of mission work for the city, therefore, seems to be the early endowment of these churches, preparatory to making them free churches fully equipped for work on an extensive scale. We do not hesitate, therefore, to recommend this publicity to the authorities of these parishes, and urge in this direction as soon as may be. Ten or twenty years hence there will be a great work for these Churches to do among people to whom they do not now reach, and it is not a day too soon for them to begin in preparing for it.

Connected with this subject there comes in here also all that is elsewhere said in this report concerning lay-help and its systematic organization for church work. As evangelists, they may refer the columns for missionary communicants, and male Sunday School teachers and lay helpers. They felt it to be important to know whether this Church is reaching the men as well as the women among us, and whether the men as well as the women are giving liberally to their "vocation and ministry" as Christian workers.

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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1870.

BONDS at Frankfort, 96@96¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, quiet.

GOLD closed in New York on yesterday at 112¼@113.

IF THE DUTIES are taken off from imported coal, the taxes should be removed from the domestic production.

THE passage of Bingham's Cuban resolution in the House was a great triumph for the Administration. The resolution is copied almost word for word from the message of Tuesday last.

FRIENDLINESS to the great pipe bill swindle is said to have rendered Mr. George K. Anderson anything but popular with the oil producers of his district. He resigned the office of President of the Petroleum Association feeling his position to be unpleasant, and there was no remonstrance against his retirement. The memory of the pipe fraud is still fresh and we think Mr. Anderson counts with out his host in depending on the producers to sustain him in his present contest for senatorial honors in the Erie-Crawford district.

THE most valuable autographs in a rare collection at the Capital of the State are two which passed through a bank during the memorable Mackey-Irwin battle last winter. These are well worthy preservation, as they tell of bribed Legislators and trickery and dishonesty in high places. They represent the shining pieces which led a factious and dishonest set of traitors to fly the regular Republican caucus nomination for the treasuryship and sell out body and soul, politics and principles, to the opposition. These autographs, attached to bank checks, were originally made by a prominent oil operator, who is now endeavoring to find place in the Senate to represent an honest and intelligent constituency.

THE House has disposed of the Cuban question for the present by adopting, (102 to 88) the following resolution:

Be it resolved, &c., That the President is hereby authorized to remonstrate against the barbarous manner in which the war in Cuba has been conducted, and if he shall deem it expedient to solicit the co-operation of other governments in such measures as he may deem necessary to secure from both contending parties an observance of the laws of war recognized by civilized nations.

—This proposition is equally humane and statesmanlike. In the interests of civilization, it protests against the cruelties which have marked the Cuban contest, while it precludes any recognition of a legal state of belligerency except with the co-operative approval of other governments to reinforce our intervention.

IF SECRETARY FISH retires from the State Department, the country will know the true reason to be that he is weary of office, not that the office is weary of him. He accepted its responsibilities with reluctance, has obeyed them with credit to himself, with honor to the country, and to the hearty satisfaction of the President, and has more than once signified his wish to lay the burthen of duty down. How absurd to suppose that the President should desire the retirement of a confidential adviser whose advice he has always followed, and whose policy he has never failed to sustain, and sustains yet! And it is quite as absurd to suppose that he can have any successor who should be able to lead the Executive counsels in any other direction than that which now decisively indicates the foreign policy of this Administration. England could gain nothing, Spain could lose nothing, and the Republic would profit nothing, by any possible change in the head of our State Department.

THE Republicans of Philadelphia have nominated their full tickets. For Congress, Messrs. Myers and Kelly, are again selected. A schism in the Second district gives Mr. O'Neill a rival, but both of them will probably withdraw. The first district is strongly Democratic, and Hunkle, the Republican nominee, has a bad show for an election. In the legislative ticket we are glad to see a decided improvement upon that of last year. B. W. Thomas is the candidate for Senator to succeed Nagle, and ought to succeed. For the Assembly, Messrs. Hong, Adaire, Bunn, Davis and Stokes are dropped. Messrs. Elliott and Johnston, Cloud, Albright, Smith, Comly and Miller are re-nominated. The only objectionable names on the list are those of W. F. Smith and Charles Kleckner. The notorious Bunn was selected for Register of Wills. His election is doubtful. As a whole, with these exceptions, the tickets are acceptable to the Republicans of Philadelphia, and will be chosen in October.

G. B. DELAMETER, Esq., of Meadville, one of the leading lawyers of the State, we are glad to learn has permitted his name to be used by his friends for the Republican Senatorial nomination in the Erie-Crawford district. It is of just such material that that hitherto misrepresented district should find a successor to Lowry. He has, through a long and useful life, resided in Crawford county, sustaining an unimpeachable character, and preserving the good will and respect of all his neighbors and business acquaintances. A man of large understanding, strongly defined character and sufficient wealth to place him above the temptations of the cheque makers of Harrisburg, he seems eminently fitted and qualified for the place. He is largely identified with the interests of the district and has contributed much through his own business labor and activity to its general prosperity and development. The fullest measure of confidence can safely be reposed in such a man, and in view of the weak material brought against him, we feel assured that he will walk over the course to easy triumph.

THE good people of Crawford and Erie counties have an interesting query with which to trouble their thinking powers. They would know what motive induces Mr. George K. Anderson to make wicked fight for the State Senate. The thirst for honor and power and fame will urge most men into the bitter war of politics to secure personal elevation, but there are many thoughtful people who credit Mr. A. with ambition of another quality. With an appetite whetted and keenly set last winter at Harrisburg by his connection with the Treasury sale, he is fresh for new intrigue and jobbery, and doubtless feels that he could accomplish more in a senatorial seat than at his old post in the lobby. Some are uncharitable enough to suppose that he has in view the passage of an act legalizing the use of bank cheques in certain cases, together with a proviso making it a penal offense for any bank officer to deliver over to curious autograph seekers any financial papers after they have accomplished their purposes. Had such a law been in force last winter, damaging evidence in legible black and white would not now be in existence to prove the venality of some people who are willing to buy unscrupulous legislators who offer themselves for sale like sheep in the shambles.

A PARAGRAPH in yesterday morning's telegrams from Washington to the Associated Press supports the statement made a week or two since, that the reporters at the Capital for the Association are in the conspiracy to embroil our Government in the Cuban question. We reprint the paragraph now referred to:

The excitement in the Capital owing to the state of Cuban affairs exceeds anything ever before witnessed. Private assurance of the recast of the whole Cabinet is freely given by the President and ominous hints of impeachment. Butler is emphatically execrated by the Republicans.

Such a report has no claims upon the public confidence. The talk of an unprecedented excitement over this miserable question is all bosh. The story about impeachment and a recast of the Cabinet are equally absurd and contradictory. A proposition to impeach would not irresistibly lead General Grant to offer a recast of his Cabinet,—if we know anything of the man. The tempest of feeling may be as terrific as the reporter puts it, but it is all in a tea pot. We cheerfully admit that the President's message and the Bingham resolution have stirred up a tremendous excitement among the fifty Democrats and thirty odd Republicans, bond holders, manifest destiny chaps and all, who have failed in their attempts to bring on a war with Spain, and the perpetual abandonment of our Alabama claims against England, but their impotent chagrin is really not of the slightest permanent consequence. Their squirming reminds one of the performances of a cluster of the *cimex lectularia* when touched with corrosive sublimate. And the Associated Press reporter is evidently one of the sufferers. We protest against his continued misrepresentations, of a situation where a decisive Republican majority supports the Executive policy.

IS HE ELIGIBLE?

The point has been raised that Mr. Geo. K. Anderson, aspirant for Senatorial honors in the Erie-Crawford district, is not eligible to that high office, inasmuch as he held his residence last October at 1612 Green street, Philadelphia. The State Constitution clearly provides that (Sec. VIII., Article I.)

"No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years, and have been a citizen and inhabitant of the State four years next before his election, *and the last year thereof an inhabitant of the district from which he shall be chosen*, unless he shall have been absent on public business of the United States or of this State," etc.

Mr. Anderson was registered and voted as a citizen of Philadelphia in the fall of 1869, and unless he can make out that his skillful manipulation of certain members of the Legislature last winter to secure the defeat of the regular Republican caucus nominee for the State Treasurship, pertained to the "public business" of the Commonwealth, we marvel how he can make good his eligibility for the Senate from the district he would represent. Let our Republican friends of those parts pause in advance of nomination, for Mr. Anderson cannot take his seat, even if elected, and whosoever shall receive the next highest number of votes for the office in the district, Democrat or Republican, will probably be awarded the place.

WHO FATHERS IT?

The new party movement seems to be without a father. No one will own the bantling. Even the *Commercial* fights shy of it; and while naturally inclined to take it up and fondle it, is still too much afraid of dirtying its hands to take the risk.

For awhile it was thought the political Temperance men would acknowledge its paternity; but they, too, are offish, and deny positively all agency in getting the movement up. To their credit be it said, they prefer to wait and see what the Republicans will do before attempting to inaugurate a revolt, which anticipates all just cause of quarrel.

Who, then, will answer as parents or sponsors at the baptism of this child? The call is published without a name attached to it; every one you speak to on the street denies having signed it or favored it; and while many are suspected of a sneaking fondness for such an enterprise, all of them are too shrewd to show their hands in connection with it.

If the scheme were a legislative one; if the proposed revolt could be justified on good and tenable grounds; if there were any real necessity for setting up an opposition to the regular organization of the Republican party, men of character and influence would not be ashamed to own their connection with it or assume responsibility for it.

What then? Does it not follow that what every one suspected is ashamed of should be scrupulously avoided by all? Who, with any respect for himself, is going to respond to an anonymous call, or blindly join a band without a leader? The worship of the veiled prophet of Khorassan would have some claim to respect beside such political madness as this.

REPUBLICANS! Stand by the old flag! No one is ashamed of *it*. We made a noble fight under it for Fremont; and have conquered thrice beneath its folds with Lincoln and Grant. That flag does not lack good and noble names to sanctify it. Who, then, will abandon it for the black flag of rebellion, unsanctified by a single name, to march no one knows whither, and under leaders masked from public recognition?

THE XXIXth DISTRICT.

The Republicans of the XXIXth Senatorial District, Crawford and Erie counties, will be called upon shortly to select a candidate for the Senate to succeed Morrow B. Lowry, who, through political treachery, has so lost caste with the party as to cause his retirement from the field, fearing to again go before an outraged constituency for their suffrages. A people once sold out will be careful that the affliction is not repeated, and they will be more prudent and discriminating in the selection of their representatives. They will frown upon demagogues who may offer themselves, whose political records are black with bribery, duplicity, unfaithfulness and treachery, and will seek out good, pure and true men who have not figured in the bargains and sales which marked certain proceedings in Harrisburg last winter. They will assert with the ballot at the polls that no man who has used money to buy a member of the Legislature from his allegiance to his party, principles and his constituency, can be trusted in a position where he himself might in turn be bought or used by schemes against the interests of the Commonwealth and the people.

The forthcoming primary meetings of the district will therefore be watched with interest by all the good and faithful Republican citizens of the State. In that quarter above all others should the intelligent voters rebuke in no uncertain way the ring of sham Republicans who sold out the party last winter at Harrisburg and aimed to disorganize its ranks everywhere and bring ruin to its doors, while they should feast and fatten in the camp of the rejoicing enemy. It is essential for the purity of politics, the interests of the general people and of the State, that those rotten branches and their abettors should be scourged at the bar of public opinion, and forever consigned to the ignominious place in estimation which they so richly deserve. To those of our readers in that district we earnestly say, do your full duty. Let not personal favoritism or private relationship prevent your voting against any man who has sold, or brought about the sale of your district and all the voters in it. Eschew entirely the men who, rich in worldly means, have lavished their filthy lucre to overturn the Republican majority in the Legislature, who have bought week-kneed and avaricious and dishonest members to depart from honor and principle to defeat a candidate for office who had the full, fair and honest caucus nomination of his party. Remember, only part of the programme of the bolters and disorganizers of last winter was carried out. Their schemes temporarily failed, but with new recruits, if any such can be obtained, they will be again resumed. Will you add one to their number, and thus strengthen a coalition formed to break down the great Republican party and to rob and plunder the treasury of the State, and to sacrifice its best interests to accomplish personal ends and objects? We have abiding faith in your honesty and intelligence, your love of principle, devotion to our great party, to the interests of our Commonwealth, and we think, nay we know, you will not send to Harrisburg one who has trained or been trained in the Lowry school of politics.

GARFIELD'S CONTRIVANCE.

A Chicago journal which has, in the discussions upon the funding question, steadily upheld the interests of the national banks, now insists that the Garfield currency bill "is a distinct and palpable step, though not a very long one, towards specie payment." We cannot see it in that light, and the press generally agree with us.

The bill contemplates two different propositions: the first, to pay off and cancel the three per cent. certificates, the banks being compelled to substitute therefor greenbacks or gold in their reserves, and, second, an inflation, pure and simple, of the currency by the addition to its volume of fifty millions of new bank paper. We approve of this disposal of the three per cents., but the country would save the sum of $1,350,000 annually in interest, if the gold were applied, instead, to the redemption of six per cent. bonds. The bill proposes, in other words, to pay $1,350,000 annually for the cost of a financial experiment. Certainly not to reduce the volume of the currency, for we replace, dollar for dollar, the certificates with new bank paper. These certificates are not currency, and never were really so considered. They have been held as an investment and tho' the rate of interest was low, yet that was even better for the banks, than a reserve all in greenbacks which bear no interest at all. Of course, the greenbacks must now take the place in the reserves, for no banker would use gold for that purpose, while it is worth 15 per cent. more in the market. The banks would appear to lose by this operation, but they gain an ample compensation in the withdrawal of the amount in greenbacks, and the greater control they will thus secure over the finances of the country. When all the greenbacks shall have been withdrawn, the banks will furnish all our currency, and the Government will be in their hands. For this, the system must be maintained in good credit at all hazards. Resumption will be a question which these institutions will be able to control absolutely, for the Government will be in no situation to force measures as long as the note of a broken bank is worth more than the paper of a nominally solvent institution, as is the case now and would be then. Seventy-five or hundred millions of this paper thrown back on the Treasury for redemption in a crisis, with gold to be realized from bonds sold in a panicky market, would present a category forbidding such a crisis as long as it could be prevented. We are justified in declaring that the national banks would more completely have the mastery of the Government than now. And now they have an influence in affairs quite as potent as is for the public good.

How this situation can be regarded as marking a palpable progress toward resumption, is beyond our ability to see. We should as readily admit that the desired resumption was "palpably" to be accelerated by the fifty millions inflation also provided for by this bill.

—Instead of calling it simply a currency bill, the measure should rather be styled a bill to confirm and enlarge the powers and privileges of the national banks, and to postpone indefinitely that resumption which the country desires, but which the banks will debar us from to the last possible hour. Let us call things by their right names!

Since the above was written, the following paragraph in the New York *Evening Post* comes under our eye. On the same subject it says

In short, this bill is an enormous scheme for inflating the currency, for postponing indefinitely the resumption of specie payments, and for checking the growth of confidence in the financial soundness of the nation. We cannot believe that it will find favor with the Senate.

West Hickory.

The excitement in this place is intense. On Friday last the "Bird" well, which is on the Tuttle farm, commenced flowing oil at a fearful rate. This well is being drilled through casing, and bids fair to be a first class well. It is owned by Mr. Frank Irwin, of Rousseville. The "Venture" well still continues to pump its 200 barrels per day. Quite a number of new wells on this tract will be down the coming week.

On the Wilkins farm, which joins the Tuttle farm on the south, the greatest activity is noticeable. The McNair well, on lease No. 1, is down and will be tested to-morrow. There are rigs up on five other leases, one of which drilling has commenced.

On the Jones farm, Mr. Binney's well is being rapidly pushed forward. On this well is used one of Osborne's 18 horse boilers, with double engine, which renders it impossible to stop on the centre, and makes it impossible for tools to be stuck.

On the Faulkner farm, adjoining the Wilkins farm, there are four rigs in process of erection.

On the H. W. Scott farm, the Scott well, No. 1, is pumping 75 to 80 barrels per day. There are quite a large number of rigs on this tract and a few days will tell the story. This farm joins the Fagundas farm on the south.

On the Fagundas farm, the work of development is being rapidly pushed forward. This farm is owned by Messrs. Nevhart, Grandin & Fisher, and contains 150 acres; they refuse to lease any portion of this farm, but intend operating it themselves; they have already twelve wells started. A large number of lots have been leased for building purposes. No drinking saloons are allowed on the premises.

THE junior, freshmen and scientific crews of Harvard attempted their annual race on Charles river, on Saturday, but owing to the rough water encountered a wet time. The scientifics pulled the course, but their shell nearly half filled. The boats of the freshmen and juniors were both swamped, but the latter, by sturdy swimming, towed their boat in and took the second prize. The freshmen were picked up and saved their boat. The race was not timed.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The general statistics of the United Presbyterian Church for the year ending May, 1870, are as follows: Synods, 8; Presbyteries, (including three Independents), 59; ministers, 551; congregations, 727; membership, 69,656; Sunday schools, 575; teachers and officers, 6,671; scholars, 42,907; theological seminaries, 5; colleges and academies, 4; students last year, 625; contributions to Church funds and salaries, $819,364. The Mission Boards report quite a membership and other interesting items.

The *United Presbyterian* thinks while it is right that colored men should be educated and made preachers, condemns the building of a college at St. Louis, for the education of colored ministers exclusively. The idea of this caste is not in harmony with the spirit of the age, much less in sympathy with the gospel.

One of our Western cities, (Milwaukee,) in striking contrast with Sabbath-desecration New York, has passed an ordinance prohibiting dancing on the Lord's day.

The *Advance* reports that a wealthy Jew, in Monterey, to show his appreciation of what Protestantism has done for his race, paid five thousand dollars in gold for one of the finest Jewish churches in that city, and donated it to the Protestants, and a congregation of over two thousand persons worship there every Sabbath day.

Rev. A. L. Stone, D.D., Congregational minister of San Francisco, affirms that California is fast becoming a land of drunkards. He says young men drink everywhere; wine is on the tables generally, and almost everybody drinks. Vine growing is a speciality in California, twenty-two millions of grape-vines having been set out during the past season.

In the dedicatory sermon of the pastor, Rev. E. P. Goodwin, of the First Congregational Church, Chicago, he discussed the question of non-going to church, he remarked we must make people in rags as welcome as people in spotless broadcloth. We must so treat new-comers that they can't help coming again. Treat a man coldly and you may not persuade him to come any more.

At the late election of the Episcopal Bishop of New Hampshire, held at Dover, Dr. Henry A. Coit was elected by the clergy by a vote of nearly two to one for all others, but the laity voted nearly unanimously against concurrence. Six additional clerical ballots failed to make other choice. A conference was finally ordered, and Prof. Niles, of Trinity College, Hartford, Conn., was chosen. The ultimate success of the laity in the selection of their candidate gave them great satisfaction.

Connecticut has furnished twenty Bishops to the Episcopal Church, of whom about one-half are from Hartford.

Rev. Dr. Henry Kendall, formerly pastor of the Third Presbyterian church of this city, was elected by the late Reunited Presbyterian General Assembly one of the Secretaries of the new Board of Home Missions.

The *Independent* represents that three children of Baptist parents, now grown up, insisted in joining St. Micheals Episcopal Church, at Kingston, Jamaica, to be immersed. The rector, Mr. Price, consulted the Bishop, who said "there should be no objection to it," and the immersion took place.

It is stated that in the "Narrative of the State of Religion," presented by Dr. Cuyler to the Presbyterian Assembly, the Doctor mentioned that several churches had tried with satisfaction the plan of making the eldership rotary, rather than permanent. The paragraph, however, was stricked out.

The Episcopal Convention of New Jersey have introduced the reform of minority representation, the first religious body, we believe, that has attempted the inovation. Each voter can vote on his ballot for as many persons as are to be elected, or he may give the same number of votes for any one of the candidates.

At the late meeting of the Virginia Baptist Association, one of the speakers from Roanoke stated that the most formidable obstacles in his region were *Dunkardism* and *drunkardism*.

Considerable feeling was roused in this community for and against the proposition at the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church in this city, to regard "Papal Baptism" invalid, but the Southern Presbyterian General Assembly, according to the *Independent*, voted that Unitarianism, "Popish" and "Campbellite" baptisms are invalid. This is a bold step and may give trouble hereafter.

It is reported that a zealous brother at the Plymouth church prayer-meeting, Brooklyn, said, in his remarks, that he had been living without sin. Mr. Beecher replied, "I think you ought to have been in heaven long ago."

The first time the new bell of the Episcopal church in Boise city, Idaho Territory, was rung for service, a man remarked, as he passed into the church, "Well, I have not been into church for eighteen years, but that bell has called me out."

The New York *Observer* records the fact that in the most crowded churches in New York city, there is a degree of Christian courtesy worthy of the highest commendation. The doors of all the pews are thrown open until they are full, and then the aisles are filled with seats, the officers becoming door keepers in the house of the Lord, attending alike to the humble poor as well as the richest visitor.

The Episcopal Convention of Long Island adopted a rule that the reports of parishes shall hereafter state whether their churches are insured, and for what proportion of their value.

Rev. Dr. J. P. Newman, Chaplain to the United States Senate, and pastor of the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal church at the Capital, is talked of for Bishop in that Church, at the election in 1872.

Rev. Dr. W. Pinkney, of Washington City, recently elected Assistant Bishop of Maryland, was originally a Methodist, and was at one time preparing for the ministry of that Church, for which purpose he entered Princeton Theological Seminary. His theological views changed while there, and finally he was induced to enter the ministry of the Episcopal Church.

A Magnetized Island.

A curious discovery has lately been made by the telegraphers on the little island of St. Pierre, Miquelon. There are two telegraph stations on the island, one is worked by an American company, which receives messages from Newfoundland and sends them on to Sidney, using a powerful battery and the ordinary Morse signals. The other is worked by the French Transatlantic Company, who employ exceedingly delicate instruments in receiving messages from Brest and Duxbury. These very sensitive instruments were found to be seriously affected by earth currents—that is, currents depending on some rapid changes in the electrical condition of the island—which interfered very much with the working of the line. After adopting measures to obviate this difficulty, it was discovered that these earth currents were due in part to the operations of the powerful battery of the American Telegraph Company, that battery, every time it was used, actually charging as a Leyden jar, the whole little rocky island of St. Pierre, Miquelon. And it was found that by a proper disposition of the French instruments, every word sent over the American line could be made to leave its *fac simile* with the French company; and this, too, though the two lines nowhere come within several hundred yards of each other, the only connection of the two being through the earth.

AMONG the attendants at the recent picnic in celebration of the semi-centennial anniversary of the settlement of Indianapolis, was Mr. Isaac Martz, who came to Indiana from Ohio in 1816. He, with a twin brother, Moses, married the twin sisters. This double marriage was celebrated on the same day. Each couple has had twelve children, each having had seven boys and five girls. At the time of their marriage the brothers were of the same height exactly, and within one pound of the same weight, which was one hundred and seventy-five pounds, and for a space of twenty-five years continued within two pounds of that figure. The brothers, with their wives, are both living. The former are fifty-eight years old, and the latter fifty-four. All were born on the 27th day of the month, and were married on the same day of the month also. The twin boys mentioned are now twelve years old, and their mother often finds it impossible to distinguish the one from the other. Death has been equally kind to each family. Ten children remain to each.

TO PREVENT SICKNESS

During the hot months of summer, every family should provide themselves with some good disinfective like Chloride of Lime. You will find a fresh supply just received this day at JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S DRUG STORE, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

CHLORIDE OF LIME.
Chloride of Lime. Chloride of Lime.
Chloride of Lime. Chloride of Lime.
Chloride of Lime. Chloride of Lime.
Chloride of Lime. Chloride of Lime.

SOLD AT
JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
DRUG STORE
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) Streets

WANT OF VITALITY.

Sometimes there is a lack of vitality in large and apparently well developed frames. Herculean sinews and muscles are not always indicative of stamina and constitutional vigor in their possessor. Health depends more upon the condition of the stomach, the liver and the bowels, than upon the breadth of the shoulders, or the size of loose levers and pulleys of the system in which strength is supposed to reside. All of this grand animal machinery is of itself no protective against sickness and decay. Easy and perfect digestion, regular and healthy secretions, uncontaminated blood, and a regular discharge of the waste matter of the body through the intestines, the kidneys and the pores, are the most potent safeguards against disease, the best guarantees of longevity. *To promote these objects is the great end and purpose of* Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The ingredients of which the Great Tonic and Alterative is composed are taken solely from the vegetable kingdom, and their medicinal virtues are not counterbalanced by the acid and poisonous elements which exist, more or less, in all the powerful mineral drugs. Sufferers from indigestion, biliousness, intermittent fevers, nervous debility or constipation, not only find immediate relief from the use of this agreeable stimulant and invigorant, but becomes conscious, as time wears on, of an increase of constitutional elasticity and vital force. Labor and exposure no longer produce the same effects upon them as formerly, and they feel as if they had acquired a new hold on life, a reserve of mental and physical energy. This has been the experience of thousands of both sexes, and every day adds to the mass of confirmatory testimony. Whenever the temperature and state of the atmosphere, exercises a depressing influence over the minds and bodies of invalids, Hostetter's Bitters is the tonic upon which they can rely for swift and permanent restoration.

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STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
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Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
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☞ Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
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WALNUT PRESS STAND.
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FRENCH COPYING FLUID.
VIOLET COPYING FLUID,
RUBBER COPYING SHEETS.
CAMEL'S HAIR COPYING BRUSHES.
WATER BOWLS, CHINA AND IRON.
J. L. READ & SON,
No. 102 Fourth Avenue.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

IMPROVED
CHERRY SEEDER.
It has been in use for the last six years, and never failed in an single instance to give entire satisfaction to the purchaser.
When run to its full capacity, it will seed a bushel of Cherries in 20 minutes.
The Machine is Cheap, Simple, Durable and Handsome.
The Hopper is adjustable, thereby adapting it to all sized Cherries.
It is the best Cherry Seeder in the Market. No exception.
All orders addressed to
JAMES BOWN,
No. 136 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Will be Filled at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
jel1
STATIONERY,
PRINTING,
Blank Books.
ALLAN C. BAKEWELL & CO.,
75 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
NEW GOODS! LOW PRICES!
Jel6:78

FOR SALE.
Mules and Horses,
One pair very fine CARRIAGE HORSES.
Three superior FAMILY HORSES.
Three very good MULES.
Three new EASTERN BUILT BUGGIES.
Four good SECOND HAND BUGGIES.
R. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
Jel15:75d Cor. 7th avenue and Liberty Street.

Lands, Factories & Mills,
JOS. C. G. KENNEDY & SON,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Are Agents for the sale of large and small FARMS and valuable tracts of TIMBER and MINERAL LANDS and MINERAL SPRINGS (improved) in the States of Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Arkansas and Mississippi. They also offer IRON FOUNDRIES, COTTON FACTORIES and FLOURING MILLS at a great bargain.
Jel4:f&S-D

TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!
Just received, a large and fine assortment of New Teas, consisting of
YOUNG HYSON,
OOLONG,
JAPAN,
SOUCHONG.
Buyers are invited to call and examine the stock as quality and price will be for the interest of the purchaser.
Also, on hand, a large and excellent assortment of choice Groceries. For sale by
EDWARD HEAZLETON.
ap20:ws-F Nos. 29 and 30 Diamond Square.

AGENCY BUSINESS OF ALL KINDS to be transacted in Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, &c., attended to by WM. M. McKNIGHT, 211 Dock street, Philadelphia. Good references given if desired. jel1:y31

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
Good Bargains in
NEW GOODS
9 Yards of
Merrimack Chintzes
FOR $1.00.
At 8c., Light and Dark Calico.
At 10c., Merrimack Calicos.
At 10c., Lancaster Calicos.
At 10c., American Calicos.
At 10c., Washington Calicos.
At 12½c., Fast Colored Lawns.
At 12½c., Printed Alpacas.
At 25c., Double Width Chene Mohairs—best bargains offered this season.
At 12½c., 4-4 Bleached Muslin—worth 18½c.
At 25c., Full Size Square Lama Shawls.
At 50c., Light Balmoral Skirts.
At $1.00, Gored Summer Skirts—a great bargain.

JAPANESE SILKS,
Japanese Poplins,
Japanese Robes,
Plain, Pink, Blue, Buff and Green
LAWNS.
AT
Very Low Prices,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

AT
Morganstern & Co's,
LATE
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
SPECIAL BARGAINS!!
PARASOLS
Regardless of Cost!
Pongee and Silk Parasols for $1.
WORTH 1.75

Shetland Shawls for $2.50
Poplin Skirts for 1.25
British Iron Frame Hose at 25
Lace Handkerchiefs, at 50
Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, at 12½
Linen Towels, at 12½
Mens' Jean Drawers, at 1.00
Green Kid Gloves, at 1.00
P. K. for Suits, at 50
Hoop Skirts, at 50
Call and convince yourself that no other house sells goods as low as we do.
Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street.
Jel0

SPECIALTIES
IN
Hats and Bonnets,
AT
HORNE & CO'S.
HAIR HATS.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CACTUS AND STRAW HATS.
Fresh assortment FINE FRENCH FLOWERS, ROSES, GRASSES and PIQUETTY RIBBONS, all shades and widths.
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS, PONGEE AND COLORED LINED. A new lot just received.
EMBROIDERIES.
SWISS, NEEDLE WORK AND HAMBURG EDGES AND INSERTINGS.
REAL AND IMITATION LACE COLLARS AND HANDKERCHIEFS.
CHEMISETTES.
EMBROIDERED LINEN SETTS.
LADIES' WHITE AND BROWN LINEN DRESS SUITS.
INFANTS' EMB. ROBES AND DRESSES. A fresh line just in.
KID GLOVES in Light Evening Shades, and Bright Colors, all numbers.

NEW GOODS
Arriving Every Day.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET
On a Par with Gold!
WE NOW OFFER
Our New Stock
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
AT
EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO
Examine our Goods & Prices
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street.
JOHN Q. WORKMAN. H. RICHARD DAVIS
WORKMAN & DAVIS,
Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., manufacturers and Dealers in
Carriages, Buggies,
SPRING & BUCK WAGONS.
42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.
Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Orders for New Work will be gotten up in good style and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular.
☞ Newest style of work constantly on hand.
SOLE AGENTS for the New Haven Wheel Company's make of SARVIN'S PATENT WHEELS, and Rapp's Patent Quick Shifter and Anti-Rattler for Shafts.
H. RICHARD DAVIS having purchased the interest of Alex. and Wm. D. Moore, in the late firm of WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., the business will hereafter be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of WORKMAN & DAVIS. Orders solicited.
JOHN Q. WORKMAN,
H. RICHARD DAVIS,
Late with Citizens' National Bank, Pittsburgh.

S. MORROW,
(Late of Fitzsimmon's & Morrow.)
(SUCCESSOR TO KEAN & KELLER.)
Manufacturer of TIN, COPPER and SHEET IRON WARE, COOK STOVES for Steamboats and Hotels, FORGES, DECK STOVES, COPPER and IRON STEAM PIPES.
Jobbing attended to promptly.
No. 112 First Avenue,
(Near Market street.)
my28:f54 PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
351 River Ave., Allegheny.
Je2:s88

FULTON'S DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
No. 97 FOURTH AVENUE, near Wood street.
OPEN ON THURSDAY, June 9th.
je8:y71

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS IN
HATS AND BONNETS,
Ribbons and Flowers.
A Very Large Stock of New
Summer Shawls,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
Great Bargains in
Ladies' and Children's
LINEN SUITS.
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.

Ladies' Summer Underwear,
Gents' Summer Underwear,
Ladies, Gents and Children's Hose.
Blue and Green Kid Gloves.
Black and Colored Kid and Lisle Thread Gloves
Ladies' Fancy Scarfs and Silk Bows.
Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs.
Embroidered Linen Sets very cheap.
Hair Switches and Chignons.
Gents' White and Chintz Shirts.
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

BUY THE GENUINE.
CLARK'S
"O. N. T."
SPOOL COTTON.
GEO. A. CLARK,
SOLE AGENT.
Sold Everywhere.
my1-w56

PLANING MILL MEN
And Others,
TAKE NOTICE!
The undersigned has letters patent of the United States for the improved construction of weather-boarding, inside lining and of wainscoting for houses. The weather-boarding, by this patent improvement, being more particularly intended for vertical use, and combines great durability and beauty of appearance; and it is so constructed as to effectually avoid the use of joint strips, and to prevent water from entering the joint of the gaping or the shoving of the joints by the action of the weather on the timber.
Inside lining and wainscoting by this new method are so constructed as to form perfect panels as cheaply as by the ordinary flooring boards alone, thereby preventing the showing of the joints from any cause, and leaving no refuges for bugs.
He has also purchased the patent right of what is commonly known as the "Moulded Weather-boarding."
He has disposed of the following territorial and shop rights in Allegheny county, for such patents, to wit:
To C. A. Mundorff, the right for the territory south of the river in said county.
To Mowen & Douglass, the right for the First ward, Pittsburgh.
To Patterson & Co., shop rights for their mill, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
To Alex. McClure, for the borough of McKeesport.
To Parker & Paul, for First, Second, Third and Fourth wards, city of Allegheny.
To Reed Brothers, shop right at their mill in Seventh ward, city of Allegheny.
To Dunbar, Saint & Co., for the boroughs of Sharpsburg and Etna; also the townships of Shaler and Indiana.
All persons are warned against infringing upon either of said patents, and those wishing to purchase will please call, or address me, at No. 75 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Je I. C. ANDERSON.

JOHN STEVENSON'S SONS
& CO.,
JEWELERS,
93 Market street, Pittsburgh.
(THIRD DOOR FROM FIFTH.)
Have on hand all the latest novelties in Fine Jewelry; also Silver Pieces and Silver Plated Ware of new designs, suitable for wedding gifts.
Watches of all the American makers in gold and silver cases. Both Key and Patent Winders constantly on hand, as well as a full variety of the finer grades of the Swiss Watch, including Jurgensen, Jacot, Perregaux, and others.
We call particular attention to our facilities for repairing and regulating fine Watches. To that branch of our business we give special care.
Orders by mail promptly filled. Designs of any goods sent in drawings by mail at request.
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C. D. ARNSTHAL. L. G. ARNSTHAL.
ARNSTHAL & SON,
Virginia and Louisville
Tobacco Agency,
SEGARS
Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos.
72 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.
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WHEELER'S
Patent Stamp Cancelers,
EDWIN STEVENS,
No. 41 S. Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
General Agent for State of Pennsylvania.
All orders will be filled through this office for this State. ap4:w42

STONE
WATER PIPES,
Chimney Tops,
HOT AIR & CHIMNEY FLUES, &c.
A large and full assortment constantly on hand.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap21:w31 133 SECOND AVENUE.

"HILL & ADAM'S
SEWER PIPE CO,"
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
Manufacture highly VITRIFIED WATER AND SEWER PIPE. Dealers in CHIMNEY TOPS, FLUES and HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
C. C. McMILLEN, Agent.
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DRY YELLOW
PINE AND OAK.
A first-class lot, thoroughly seasoned in the rough, or planed, at the yard.
JAMES M'BRIER,
191 Sandusky Street, Allegheny City.
Je6:y9

WINE OF LIFE.—The great Blood Purifier and Life Invigorator, WARNER'S VINUM VITÆ, OR WINE OF LIFE, is free from any poisonous drugs or impurities, being prepared for use. It does not require a stimulant. It is a splendid appetizer and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. It is the most pleasant and delicious article ever offered to the public, far superior to brandy, whisky, wine bitters, or any other article. It is more healthy and cheaper. Both male and female, young or old, can take the Wine of Life. It is in fact, a life preserver. Those who wish to enjoy good health and a

FINANCIAL.

GOLD, SILVER,
AND
COUPONS
Bought at Highest Price.

PH. R. MERTZ,
BANKER,
Cor. Wood St. and 5th Ave.
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Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at low-est market rates.
☞ ORDERS EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
NEW YORK, June 17, 1870.

Wall street dull. Money easy 5@6 with exceptions at 2. Sterling dull and heavy 9½@9¾. Gold lower and dull, closed steady; opened 11¾, fell to 11⅝, and closed at 11⅞@11⅝. Carrying rates 3 @ cent. to flat. Clearances $79,000,000.

Governments quiet: Coupons '81, 118@118¼; do '62, 12¾@14; do 64, 11¾@11¾; do 65, 11¾@11¾; do new, 11¾@11¾; do '67, 11¾@14; do '68, 11¾@11¾; 10-40s, 8¾@8¾. Currency, 14@15.

State bonds steady and dull: Missouris, 93¾; old Tennessee, 62¼; new do, 61; old Virginia, 62; new do, 61; old North Carolina, 48; new do, 25. The stock market is heavy and lower, the reason assigned being a further reduction of passenger and freight rates on the western trunk railroads. The largest dealing was in New York Central and Hudson, which declined 1 and irregular; with Erie, Lake Shore and Western Union 1@2 each, the general balance of the list was weak and in some cases down to the lowest point of the day. The movements in Lake Shore occasioned considerable gossip on the street, especially as it is understood the present bull movement is not under their auspices. The Vanderbilt party is reported Daniel Drew sold 30,000 shares of Lake Shore at 99 for sixty days at 1 per cent. The purchases against this sale will probably explain the advance in the stock.

Canton, 68; Cumberland, 38; Western Union Telegraph, 83¾; Quicksilver, 22; Maripsa, 8¾; preferred, 18; Adams Express, 64; Wells Express, 16¾; American Express, 46; United States, 45¾; New York Central, 96¾@97; Erie, 24¼; do preferred, 46; Harlem, 140; do preferred, 146; Reading, 98¾; Michigan Centre, 130¼; Illinois Central, 144; Pittsburg, 109½; Northwestern, 84¾; do preferred, 90½; Rock Island, 121¾; New Jersey Central, 109½; Pacific Mail, 39; do preferred, 88; Wabash, 52¾; do preferred, 73; Fort Wayne, 97; Terre Haute, 34; Chicago & Alton, 118¾; do preferred, 118; Ohio & Mississippi, 41¾; Burlington & Quincy, 158; Hartford & Erie, 9¾; C. C. & C., 88; St. Joe, 12¾; C. & A., 105.

Sub-Treasury balances: gold, $76,883,641; currency, $9,686,977; general, $89,006,427.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
FRIDAY, June 17, 1870. }

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold	11¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	11¾
U. S. 6s, 1881	11⅞	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	11¾
U. S. 5-20 1862	12	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	11¾
U. S. 5-20 1864	11⅞	10-40s	8¾
U. S. 5-20 1865	11¾	C. P. R. R.	92½
U. S. 10-40	8¾	Ex. Pacific	14½

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
FRIDAY, June 17, 1870. }

The metal market presents but little that is new or important. There is a moderate consumptive demand, but as the arrivals continue light there is no accumulation of stock, and consequently prices are pretty well sustained, and there is no disposition to force sales. The supply, however, notwithstanding it is comparatively small, is fully up the requirements of consumers, and aside from this there is no inquiry, as the mills seem disposed to carry just as little stock as possible. It is believed now that the house bill, reducing the duty on foreign pig metal from $9 to 7 per ton, and on scrap iron from $7 to 6, will pass the Senate and become a law.

The market for bar iron is steady with a fair business in the aggregate, and card rates are pretty generally adhered to. Nails, in consequence of the suspension of the wheeling mills, are very firm at $3¼@3½ per keg. The mills are nearly all out of handling single turn, however, and it is not likely that they will stop before the middle of July or the 1st of August.

ANTHRACITE.

50 tons Ex. Neutral Forge	$33.00	4 mos
50 " New Mexico Forge favorite brand	34.00	4 mos
100 " Grove Forge	31.50	4 mos
50 " No. 2 Foundry	33.50	4 mos
50 " No. 3	31.00	4 mos
50 " Ex No. 2 Foundry	34.00	4 mos
50 " Ex No. 1 Cold	36.00	4 mos
50 " No. 1 Foundry	34.00	4 mos
100 " Ex No. 1 Foundry	36.00	4 mos
100 " No. 1 Neutral	30.00	4 mos
25 " No. 3	32.00	5 mos
100 " No. Neutral Forge (bar)	32.00	4 mos
200 " Gray Mottled	29.00	5 mos

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

100 tons No. 1 Red Short	37½	P. T.
50 " No. 2 Red Short	31.00	5 mos
200 " Medium Gray Forge	31.00	4 mos
400 " Close Gray and Mottled at Furnace	28.50	5 mos
50 " Close Gray and Mottled at Furnace	28.00	4 mos

CHARCOAL.

600 tons Fancy Forge to arrive	$41.50	cash
10 " Extra Forge	47.00	4 mos
50 " Close Gray Forge	45.00	4 mos
100 " Mo. dark Open Gray	47.00	6 mos

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
FRIDAY, June 17, 1870. }

The oil market continues very quiet, and, singular as it may seem, while crude was reported stronger refined was weaker. Some of the oil men, having become dissatisfied with the oil business, have turned their attention to wheat, which is now and has been for several days past considerably excited, affording a fine field for those who are of a speculative turn. It is stated that several of the brokers combined and sold 10,000 bush short for July, in Chicago, which would indicate that they have not much confidence in present prices being sustained.

CRUDE.

Sale of 300 bbls spot at 11½, 1,650 (low gravity) at 11¾, and 1,000 seller all year at 11¾. Spot or seller July can be quoted at 11@11¼, seller all year, 11¾; and buyer all year, 11¾@11¾.

REFINED.

Market dull and neglected, though nominally unchanged. June quoted at 26¾; July, last half, 27; August, 27¼@27¾ bid and asked. In New York, sales of 2,650 bbls June at 26¾@27, and 1,500 September at 27½.

OIL SHIPMENTS PER A. V. R. R.

Lyons & Co, 511 bbls refined to Logan Bro. & Co., Philadelphia.

J. M. Riten, 58 bbls ref, oil to Logan Bro. & Co., Phil'a.

Fulton, Marvin & Co., 100 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phil'a.

McKelvy Bro. & Co., 372 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bro. & Co. Phila.

Fawcett, Logan, Stockdale & Co., 300 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bro. & Co., Phil'a.

Standard Oil Co., 636 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

National Refining Co., 243 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

Livingston Bro., 120 bbls ref oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

Total ..... 2,325 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED BY P. R. R. AND A. V. R. OIL LINE.

Watson & Ryder, 116 bbls crude oil to Ferguson & Wood, N. Y.

Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, June 17.—Beeves the number offering was 1,930 to-day all of 1,450 for yesterday; trade very depressed and many lots remain unsold and prices constantly weakening. There is no price for Texans, buyers not wanting them at 10c; thin Illinois sold at 12@14c; fair to good 15@16c, and only very fine sold at 16¾c. To-day's offerings were 9 cars at Communipaw, 28 cars at Weehawken and 12 cars at 100th street; heavy receipts are expected next Monday. The arrivals this week amount to over 7,000 head. Sheep go very slowly, with 1,400 for to-day and 17,300 for the week. Fat lambs are improved, choice Jersey going readily at 13½c and a few extras at 14c. Thin sheep are quoted at 4@6½c, fair at 6c and good to extra at 6@6½c. Seven cars hogs to-day complete 21,200 head for the week; market firm at 11¾c for dressed and 9 few pigs sold at 11¾c.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The market continues inactive, while prices for most staple articles rule quiet and uniform. Atlantic A and other heavy brands of brown sheetings 14½c, while makes like Agawam F and Indian Orchard C sells at 13½c; Indian Orchard B 12½c; do W 10c; Lawrence 13¾c; do V 10½c; Monadnock 9-4 32½c; Pocasset Canoe 14c; Fremont E 09½c. Bleached muslins 12c. Smokeag blue denims reduced to 22c and Pearl River to 28c. Corset jeans 14½c; Indian Orchard do 11½c and York light Dunkin check 20c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, June 17.—Cotton dull and nominally 29c; week's receipts 1,906, exports 1,214, to-day's receipts 380, exports 112 bales. Flour firm at $6@7. Corn meal $4.00. Corn is quiet; yellow $1. Oats firm at 66c. Hay active $20. Bran dull $19@20. Lard nominally 17@18½c. Bacon: shoulders 13¾@13¾c; sides 16¾@16½c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, June 17.—2 cars staves, W Hastings; 18 bgs corn; 8 bxs oil; 28 do do, 11 do oats, 45 do potatoes, 8 do flour, J Richard; 42 bgs feed, R G Herron; 100 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 6 bbls eggs, J J Pettit; 7 do do 6 bgs feathers, F G Craighead; 31 bales wool, 107 cedar lumber, Isaiah Dickey & Co; 12 bbls eggs, J A Graff; 2 do do, Meanor & H; 12 do do, W H Graff & Co; 6 do do, W D Cooper; 10 bgs hops, Richard; 2 bbls eggs, Coup, M & Co; 40 bgs oats, McHenry & Hood; 11 do potatoes, Bricker & Co; 7 bbls tobacco, Smith & H; 2 do do, W & D Rinehart; 2 do do, A Schaub; 25 tes hams, W B Hays & Son; 4 cars staves, M F Adair; 50 bbls high wines, Littell & Mechling; 100 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 10 do do, Seghinver & Voskamp; 10 bbls whisky, I Stein; 5 do do, tobacco, E Goldsmith; 5 do do, T J Blackmore; 16 cads do, E Pourtsell; 5 pkgs do, Zimmerman; 10 do do, E Megraw; 4 cases lard, Voigt & Morton; 30 tes hams, 15 bbls oil, R Owens; 4 tes hams, 2 do beef, J A Renshaw; 5 do do, Dalzell & T; 5 do hams, W B Hays & Son; 5 bbls apples, R Fee & Co; 10 do do; 5 pkgs tobacco, Smith & H; 8 do do, R Meyer; 17 do do, J M Sichel; 10 do do, Carter, McGrew & Co; 20 do do, Knable & P; 10 bx tobacco, F J Sellers & Co; 3 hhds tobacco, W & D Rinehart.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, June 16.—9 cars ore, Shoenberger, B & Co; 6 bbls iron, Mills; 10 do do, Graham & J Painter & Son; 2 do do, Brown & Co; 21 s ore, Coleman, R & Co; 2 do do ore, Chess, S & Co; 3 do pig iron, Winn & Co; 1 do ice, W Scott & Co; 1 do pig iron, Union Mills; 1 do do, Wm Smith & Co; 1 do do, Zug & Co; 5 bbls apples, Pike A Graff & Co; 10 do ore, Price & Co; 5 bbls cheese, J B Canfield; 10 bbls, 12 kgs beer, John Kessler; 1 box bacon, H Riddle; 1 box bacon, 4 sks flour, 1 bbl apples, J Kerland, Mac'roiden G & Co; 1 car wheat, Scott & G; 5 bbls eggs, J J Pettit; 7 bbls flour, D Wallace; 1 car s pipe, H H Collins; 60 bdls chairs, Bedford Chair Co; 1 cake ice, Coe, Schmertz; 12 sks potatoes, Meanor & H; 20 do do, Day & Co; 1 bbl eggs, R Peet; 1 box bacon, Houck, J & Co; 7 bbls eggs, A Harrison; 4 do do, O Barnett; 38 rolls leather, Junker, D & Co; 4 bbls eggs, P Duff & Son; 3 do do, Dilbach; 2 bbls eggs, Bruggerman & O; 16 sks oats, F & G Craighead; 14 bbls charcoal, Seward & E.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, June 17.—10 bbls lard, E H Rutter & Co; 5 do alcohol, Littell & Mechling; 10 bales broom corn, W Mardorf; 5 bbls alcohol, B L Fahnestock & Co; 2 cars spelter, Mourhead & Co; 10 bbls bone coal, Seward & Emerson; 2 pkgs whisky, S Applebaum; 2 cars lumber, J Lang; 300 bbls flour, Singer, Nimick & Co; Voegtly M & Co; 100 bbls flour, H Houston; 9 bxs starch, T F Scott; 11 do do, Heymer Bro; 2 do do cheese, Knox & T; 50 do do, D Caldwell; 30 do, Haworth & D; 20 do do, E Heazleton; 60 do do, Arnuckles & Co; 1 car oats, Bissell & Co; 4 bales, Seibert & Berg; 25 bxs cheese, Rankin Bro; 51 sks potatoes, Woodworth & Dawson; lot sundries, Meanor & H; 14 bbls eggs, H Rea Jr; 2 bbls bacon, Dalzell & Townsend; 1 do do eggs, Houck, Jamison & Co; 3 bbls tallow, Strunz & Weizell; 94 sks wool, S Harbaugh & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, June 17.—6 bgs rye, Bricker & Co; 3 cars stone, Henderson, M & Co; 1 car coal, Imy & Co; 1 car lumber; 1 car meal, Graff, B & Co; 94 sks oats, Keil & R; 2 cars metal, McKnight & Co; 1 car rye, Bruggerman & O; 2 cars flour, Bidwell & Co; 11 bbls flour, Wyeth, eggs, owners; 4 bdls pelts, 4 do hides, G Kahn; 2 cars wheat, R T Kennedy; 1 car grain, 25 sks wheat, Bell & Co; 16 do do, Scott & G; 20 sks potatoes, J Hassett; 16 do do, Bruggerman & O; 22 do do, W Nesbaum; 61 sks wheat, Moore & Co; 20 do do, John McCready; 15 do do, A Bierly.

ALLEGHENY CITY STATION, June 17.—16 sks rye, 6; do oats, 22 do potatoes, 8 do onions, Mabus & Austin; 2 cars wheat, W McKee & Co; 1 car lumber, S Lamb; 1 car shingles, A Campbell; 1 car lumber, Haworth & D; 20 do do, E Heazleton; 60 do do, Arnuckles & Co; 1 car oats, Bissell & Co; 4 bales, Seibert & Berg; 25 bxs cheese, Rankin Bro; 51 sks potatoes, Woodworth & Dawson; lot sundries, Meanor & H; 14 bbls eggs, H Rea Jr; 2 bbls bacon, Dalzell & Townsend; 1 do do eggs, Houck, Jamison & Co; 3 bbls tallow, Strunz & Weizell; 94 sks wool, S Harbaugh & Co.

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RIVER NEWS.

The river was stationary all day yesterday, with 6 feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks.

The Belle, Capt. J. P. Smith, is the independent packet for Brownsville and Geneva to-day, leaving at 5 P. M.

The Glendale, Capt. J. M. Hare, will positively depart for St. Louis to-day, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind.

The Juniata, Capt. C. L. Brennan, is announced to depart for Cincinnati to-day.

The Granite Sate departed for Ports mouth last evening with an average trip Pilots—Abrams and Morris.

Capt. David A Haney, a well known steamboatman, and who for some years past has been engaged in the mountain trade, arrived here from St. Louis yesterday.

The hull for Capt. G. D. Moore's new boat, it is expected, will be launched within the next ten days.

The Wild Duck, from St. Louis, was due last night. She will load for a return trip forthwith.

An unknown young man, 25 or 30 years old, boarded the Emma Floyd, at Evansville, on Sunday, and called at the clerk's office, when Clerk Wise accosted him with, "Where are you going, young man?" He replied, "I'm going to Jesus," when Wise replied "The fare is $2, sir." He paid his fare and was shown to his room. After the boat had reached a point nearly opposite the mouth of Salt River the passenger went down to the lower deck, and picking up a broom jumped into the river in a coal-box. The box careened, emptying the passenger into the river. The boat was immediately stopped, and the young man rescued from drowning by the mate with the aid of the yawl. On reaching the shore he ran away, and when last seen he was making tall time for the woods. He was, of course, insane, and unknown to all on board.

—The Cincinnati *Gazette* says: The insurance companies of this city that have risks on the steamer Natchez have notified Capt. Leathers that if he intends to make the race with the R. E. Lee from New Orleans to Cairo, they desire to cancel their policies. No race will take place. The Natchez will attend to her business, and make all the money she can, but it is understood that Capt. Cannon will try to beat the Natchez' time every trip, to please the boat builders around the falls.

—Fitch, the real inventor of the steam boat, a broken and embittered old man, with feeble health and ruined fortunes, poisoned himself with opium, and was buried in Bardstown, Ky. To this day no monument or head stone marks his resting place, but the fulfillment of his prophecies, and the whistle sounds over the placid waters of rivers, or the turbulent foaming of the sea.

—Accounts have been received of a very heavy snow storm, June 5, throughout Montana. In the Galatin valley it was terrific. All the streams were overflowing. At Canyon City the water was within two feet of high water mark of 1866, and rising rapidly. Miners are jubilant over their prospects this year, and say there is no fear for water.

—The steamer Belle Lee, on her way from New Orleans to St. Louis, met with a serious accident at Baton Rouge. Sunday, by which one engine is badly broken. She broke her main shaft, run through both cylinder heads cracked the cylinder and other parts of the machinery. She will be towed to St. Louis for repairs.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial* says: Yesterday we announced the sale of the towboat Warner at Pittsburgh. She was purchased by Capt. Matt. R. Fisher, Charles Kendall and Mr. Glenn, who are building two barges at Hambleton's yard, of 1,000 tons burden each, for the Cincinnati and New Orleans trade.

—A Cairo special says: Wm. Carter, who made such a desperate attempt to cut his throat after jumping from the steamer Continental, last Sunday, is still alive and will recover. He does not inform us of the cause of his attempted suicide.

—Capt. Lovell, of the Burksville, has contracted for the building of another boat this summer for the upper Cumberland trade.

—The Cumberland river was rising on Wednesday with 20 feet on Harpeth Shoals.

—The Leonidas passed Vicksburgh on Wednesday.

(Special dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

FORT BENTON, June 17.—The steamer Sallie arrived last night all safe.

RIVER PACKETS.

MONONGAHELA RIVER.

THE FLEET STEAMER
BELLE,
J. P. SMITH ..... Commander.
J. W. SCOTT ..... Clerk.

Independent Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet.

Leaves Wharf Boat above Monongahela Bridge every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 5 P. M.

Will carry Freight and Passengers to all points on the Monongahela river.

For freight or passage apply on board, or at Wharf-boat, at foot of Grant street.
my2 W. M. McELROY & CO., Agent.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR CAIRO, ST. LOUIS,
GALENA, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL—The fine passenger steamer
GLENDALE, Capt. J. M. HARE.
CLERK ..... JAMES MELLON.

Will leave for the above and intermediate ports ON THIS DAY, June 18th.

For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
jel8 BLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ST. LOUIS.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The Towboat WILD DUCK and Barges WANAND DOVE.
J. W. ANAWALT ..... Commander.
CHARLES ADAMS ..... Clerk.

Will leave for the above ports on WEDNESDAY, June 22d; also taking freight for New Orleans and all Southern ports.
je18 G. H. GHRIEST & Co., Agents.

PORTSMOUTH PACKET.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG, FRONT ROYAL AND PORTSMOUTH.
Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY FRIDAY—4 P. M.
Leaves Portsmouth EVERY MONDAY—10 A. M.
The new and splendid passenger steamer
GRANITE STATE.
W. H. KERR ..... Commander.
Will leave as announced
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
G. H. GHRIEST & CO.,
my18 Agents.

Pittsburgh and Cincinnati
PACKET LINE
The new and splendid side wheel steamer
JUNIATA,
Capt. C. L. BRENNAN, will leave Pittsburgh for Cincinnati SATURDAY at 12 o'clock M. promptly. Returning, will leave Cincinnati TUESDAY at 12 M.
For freight or passage, apply on board or to
BLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
JAMES COLLINS, Agents.
mh7

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN—THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS, numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated
CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON.

Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45 North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to
WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.,
143 SMITHFIELD STREET.

FINE WATCHES
BAILEY & Co
12TH & CHESTNUT ST,
PHILADELPHIA.
Perfection Timers.

The reputation and experience of 40 years, warrant us in saying that our stock of Fine Timekeepers of the best European and American Makers is now the largest in the country; and we guarantee that each Watch we sell, is finished with great mechanical precision, has all the late improvements, and will run regularly, well, and give satisfaction.

Inquiries promptly replied to.
Watches forwarded by Express for approval.

Bakery, Confectionery,
AND
ICE CREAM.

The undersigned has established the above business in the very convenient location, No. 287 WESTERN AVENUE, Allegheny, one-half block from the Park, where he is prepared to supply all orders in his line. His saloon is handsomely fitted up for the consumers of ice cream, who will find it very convenient to the Park. Satisfaction warranted in goods, attendance and prices. The public patronage is solicited.
WM. A. RHODES.
my27-s29

WHEREAS LETTERS TESTAMENTARY to the Estate of WILLIAM HERRON, late of 12th ward of the City of Pittsburgh, dec'd, having been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same without delay to
MARGARET HERRON, Executrix,
WM. C. AUGHINBAUGH, Executor.
PITTSBURGH, June 8, 1870. No. 57 Diamond street.
je9-d20-w3

CHARLES P. STRIGHT,
Carpenter and Builder,

Will promptly attend to all kinds of jobbing work. Oil and water tanks made to order. No. 171 North avenue, corner Webster street, Allegheny, Pa.
ap30-w6

TAX NOTICES.

MERCHANTS
BROKERS,
Bankers, Billiard Hall, Bagatelle Keepers and
Commission Merchants,

Doing business anywhere within the limits of this county, are hereby notified that the STATE AND CANTILE LICENSE for 1870 must be paid at my office on the 1st day of July, to save costs of suit before an Alderman.

Duplicates are now open for payment of State and County

TAXES,

with a reduction of five per cent. for prompt payment.
J. F. DENNISTON,
Treasurer of Allegheny County.
jel6-21-DAT

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.
TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

OFFICE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, 233 Collection District of Penna., No. 107 Water street, ALLEGHENY CITY, May 20th, 1870.

Notice is hereby given that the annual Lists of Special Taxes, formerly termed Licenses, and of the Taxes on

Incomes, Carriages, Watches, Silver Plate, &c.,

Are now in this office, where payment will be received thereon by the Collector, on and after the FIRST DAY OF JUNE, 1870. These taxes have become due, must be paid before the 25th day of June, 1870, otherwise additional expenses will be incurred by the tax payer.

E. BUFFINGTON, Esq., Deputy Collector for the County of Armstrong, and EDWIN LYON, Esq., Deputy Collector for the county of Butler, will be ready to receive after the 1st of June, for their respective counties, and will post notices designating the time and places when and where they will be prepared to receive taxes collectable by them. Taxes paid only in greenbacks or national currency. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

JOHN M. SULLIVAN,
my26-x21 COLLECTOR.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, June 7th, 1870.

Allegheny Taxes.

Notice is hereby given that the Assessors have now placed in the Treasurer's office the Duplicates of City, School, City Business, School Building, Sewer and Public Park Taxes, and of Water Rents for the year 1870, and that said Taxes will now be received by the Collector of the Acts of Assembly of February 27th, 1860, and of April 14th, 1863, subject to the following regulations and allowances:

Five per cent. if paid on or before the first day of July.

Four per cent. if paid on or before the first day of August.

Two per cent. if paid on or before the first day of September.

If paid after the first day of September, and on or before the first day of October, no deduction will be made.

If paid after the first day of October, and on or before the first day of November, an addition of five per cent. shall be added to and payable on the same.

After the First of November,

Warrants will be issued to enforce the collection of all taxes remaining unpaid, together with the per centage accrued thereon, and the costs.

The State Mercantile Licenses assessed on persons for 1870, within the Borough of Allegheny, are to be paid at this office forthwith.

D. MACFERRON,
je7-z13 CITY TREASURER.

OFFICE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, 23d District, Pennsylvania, No. 109 Fourth avenue, CITY OF PITTSBURGH, June 10, 1870.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Annual List of Taxes on

Incomes, Carriages, Watches, Silver Plate, &c.,

And Special Tax are now due, and payable, and payment will be received thereon at THIS OFFICE from the citizens residing in the 23d ward of the city of Pittsburgh, borough of Birmingham, East Birmingham, Temperanceville, South Pittsburgh, West Pittsburgh, Monongahela, Temperanceville, Mount Washington and Union, and the township of Lower St. Clair. The foregoing taxes

MUST BE PAID BEFORE THE 20th DAY OF JUNE, 1870.

Otherwise additional expenses will be incurred.

Deputy Collector WM. E. HARRISON will receive from the tax payers of those parts of the District not included in the above limits, and will post notices of the time when and the place where he will be prepared to receive taxes collectable by him.
THOS. W. DAVIS,
je10-x25 Collector Int. Rev. 23d District, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention. A fine supply of apparatus, including electrical, and voltaic and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who has failed, state your case. Send what he says in pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 7 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for TWO STAMPS.
ap2 ly32

☞ DYSPEPSIA—NEW MODE OF TREATMENT.

PROFESSOR WALKER, the distinguished Egyptian Botanist, discovered in Australia an excellent botanic remedy, an effectual cure for Indigestion, Bilious and Liver Complaints, and communicated the secret to no other than Philadelphia Botanic Institute. The Secretary will, on application, forward free to all the important facts.

The Medical Reform Society who makes this announcement will not make any charge for this except the simple thing to demonstrate the superiority of Botanic over every other practice of healing. Those who return request in writing are benefitted to forward to the Society a statement of their case, and thus aid in furthering the present movement in medical reform. Enclose a directed envelope to the "SECRETARY OF THE BOTANIC INSTITUTE," 816 South 13th Street, Philadelphia.
je14-y2

☞ MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED.—Just Published in a sealed envelope. Price six cents. A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, and impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO MANY." Address the Publishers, CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., post office box 4586, 127 Fulton street, New York, Postoffice box 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide." Price 25 cents.
my19-y

☞ BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. Harmless, reliable, instantaneous, does not contain lead, nitrate of silver or any other poison, and produces a beautiful brown or black, without the ridiculous preparations heretofore in vogue. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers, and applied at BATCHELOR'S WIG FACTORY, No. 16 Bond street, N. Y.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1812.

W. M. GORMLY,
Wholesale Grocer,
271 LIBERTY STREET,
Directly opposite Eagle Hotel,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Meanor & Harper,
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE
Commission Merchants,
No. 329 LIBERTY STREET,
Consignments solicited. se7
M. STEELE. J. A. STEELE

M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c. &c. No. 309 UNION STREET, near Canal Common, Allegheny City.

W. C. Armstrong,
(Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong.)
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
apl8-z39 No. 25 MARKET STREET.

L. J. BRANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
apl8-z29

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Saddlery Hardware, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Lard, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Produce Manufactures generally. 112 and 114 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN I. HOUSE. EDW. HOUSE. WM. M. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON. A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

OILS.

Tack, Bro. & Co.,
PERRY BUILDING,
Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

TACK BROS.,
Philadelphia.
my18

WARING & KING,
Commission Merchants and Brokers in
Petroleum and its Products,
DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY.
Philadelphia Address,
WARING, KING & CO.,
ap2 109 WALNUT STREET.

ECLIPSE
PETROLEUM REFINERY.
Herbert W. C. Tweddle,
MANUFACTURER OF
Lubricating and High Test Burning Oils.

ECLIPSE RAILROAD AXLE OIL.
Stands great heat without chance; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
LOCOMOTIVE ENGINE, MACHINE SHOP, WOOL and COTTON
SAW MILL AND PLANING MILL OILS.
Adapted for high speed.
SPINDLE OIL. WOOL HEAD-LIGHT OIL.
OIL, TANNERS' STUF. BENZOLE
FINE and FINISHING GASOLINE.
OIL, HARNESS OIL. PARAFFINE.
ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by superheated steam in vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and nearly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use upon many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

LIVERY & SALE STABLES.

Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,
CORNER OF
Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
WILL ON EVERY SATURDAY HOLD AN
AUCTION SALE
OF
Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Wagons,

And everything appertaining to the Horse. Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.

JOHN H. STEWART,
AUCTIONEER.
JOHN H. STEWART. ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.

Livery, Sale and
COMMISSION STABLES,
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ap26-h4

BALTIMORE HERRING, SHAD, &c.—New Potomac Herring in barrels and halves; new do Shad in barrels and halves; No. 1 Mackerel, all sizes of packages; No. 2 do, all sizes of packages; No. 3 do, all sizes of packages; Lake Herring, half and quarter barrels; Lake White Fish, half barrels; Labrador Herring, barrels and halves; Salmon in kits; Holland Herring, 100 kegs choice. For sale low to the trade by
WATT, LANG & CO.,
172 and 174 Wood street.

LARGE SHIPMENTS OF ALL kinds of fresh fish are received daily at Benj. Fulpress' popular fish stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City Stand, Allegheny City, corner Federal and Ohio streets. Our long experience in the business enables us to always have on hand a first-class stock, and can sell White Fish, Salmon, Herring, Black Bass and White Perch, all at very low prices. Give us a call, we will insure a fine article. Wholesale or retail. All orders filled promptly.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between STEPHEN G. RODGERS and J. H. McGOVERN, engaged in the outfitting and repairing of Steamboats, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
STEPHEN G. RODGERS.
J. H. McGOVERN.
PITTSBURGH,

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

The Weekly Gazette.

The WEEKLY GAZETTE is the largest, cheapest and best family newspaper published in Pennsylvania. It presents each week, in convenient quarto form, forty-eight solid columns of reading matter, original and selected, and made up to suit the wants of country readers. It is thoroughly reliable in politics, advocating the protection of home labor and the general principles of the great Union Republican party. Carefully edited agricultural columns, prove a valuable feature to the farmer, while the Literary, Religious, Political, Telegraph and General News departments are kept up to the fullest requirements of a live, progressive, enterprising and successful family newspaper. The dry goods, grocers, and produce markets are freshly and correctly reported in each edition, and the full reports of cattle sales and operations here and elsewhere for the current week are regularly furnished. Two editions are made, one on Wednesday and one on Saturday, in order to suit the country mails, and subscribers should designate which day's publication they desire. A very limited number of unobjectionable advertisements are published in the WEEKLY GAZETTE, as the space is too valuable to be used for other than news purposes.

Terms per year: One copy, $1 50; in clubs of five, $1 25; in clubs of ten, $1 15, and a copy gratuitous to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies are sent free post paid to any address.

Persons leaving the city for the summer, and wishing to have the GAZETTE sent to them, will please send their addresses to the office. Price by mail, 75 cents per month.

Special Notice.—All members—old and new—of Knapp's Penn'a Battery are requested to attend a special meeting of the Battery, on Thursday evening, June 23d, at Siddon's Hall, Rebecca street, Allegheny.

Away.—Yesterday the coachman of a prominent citizen on Western avenue, Allegheny, disappeared, taking with him a valuable revolver, and leaving a wife and child to the tender care of his employer.

Erratum.—The types made us say in our notice of a wedding at the Third Presbyterian church on Thursday night, that the bride was a daughter of *the late* Porter R. Friend, Esq. Inasmuch as that well known gentleman is alive and in good health the mistake is quite provoking.

Sudden Death.—Mrs. Catharine Hailman widow of the late J. W. Hailman, of East Liberty, died suddenly about eight o'clock last evening, after serving in the choir of the Presbyterian Church in that place. It is thought she died of heart disease, as she has had symptoms of it for several years.

The Mercantile Agency, R. G. Dun & Co. We have received a few copies in advance of our JULY EDITION OF REFERENCE Book for the WESTERN STATES. Subscribers having immediate use for them can have same by calling or sending to our offices, 65, 66 and 67 Fourth avenue. GEO. W. BROCK, Manager.

Harper & Brothers—Elsewhere will be found announced several valuable publications, just issued by this sterling publishing house. Persons desirous of stocking their libraries with good books, and to provide for summer reading, will consult their interests by buying these books and other recent publications of a similar character.

Fishy.—J. R. Thompson yesterday related a fishy story to Alderman McMasters, wherein he charged John Bradley with false pretense for procuring a couple barrels of fish on credit to the amount of $32, by representing a third party owed him the money—the third party apparently denying all knowledge of him. Warrent issued.

Call in at Col. Egan's, next door to the Masonic Deposit Company, Smithfield street, and buy what books you may need. Books at half price, and all the standard works. Every department from top to bottom is completely assorted,—many of them rare and valuable volumes. If you don't see what you want ask for it and it will be forthcoming.

The magnificent new elevator for the conveyance of guests from the ground floor of the Mt. Washington House to the upper rooms has just been completed and is now in full operation. It is one of the finest, best furnished and neatest hotels in the country, and while an object of great convenience to the guests, it is a feature and an ornament to the hotel.

The Best.—The New St. Andrew's church on Ninth street is one of the finest church buildings in the country. In this respect it occupies a place similar in church architecture to that occupied by Megraw on the same street, No. 45, in the tobacco trade. One of the most complete stocks, the cheapest prices and the best goods are the characteristics of this establishment, No. 45 Ninth street.

Correcting Her.—Union township numbers among its residents Jane Doe, who came home Thursday evening, it is said, in the act of overdose of stimulants, which stimulated him to correct Jane Doe. Then a large billet of wood came in handy for the purpose and accomplished the work most effectually. Officer Herman McMaster's police, however, is after John for aggravated assault and battery.

Amateur Dentistry.—W. D. Lewis was the victim of a painful amateur surgical operation yesterday morning. Two teeth were removed from his mouth—but instead of coming out properly, they went down his throat. The affair occurred during a sitting of the Sign Painter, at their boarding house near the Copper Works, when James knocked him down and kicked him in the mouth. Painter will be arrested as soon as he can be found.

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Collections in the Twenty-second District.

The following is an abstract of collections in the Twenty-second District of Pennsylvania for the month of May, 1870:

Total collection on	Spirits	$ 49,691 28
" "	" Tobacco	35,979 50
" "	" Fm'd Liquors,	12,615 68
" "	" Banks & Bank'rs	15,118 43
" "	" Gross Receipts	9,816 80
" "	" Sales,	23,062 33
" "	" Special Tax not elsewhere enumerated	37,262 33
" "	" Income	40,262 15
" "	" Legacies,	381 46
" "	" Successions	2,506 59
" "	" Articles schedule A	712 00
" "	" Gas	4,485 46
" "	" Penalties, etc	614 57
Total		$232,507 80

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Court of Oyer and Terminer—Judges Sterrett and Collier—Trial of Nicholas Hoffman for Murder—Third Day's Proceedings.

The Court met at nine o'clock A. M., Judges Sterrett and Collier on the bench. The case of the Commonwealth vs. Nicholas Hoffman was resumed, and the following testimony taken on the part of the Commonwealth:

Lincoln Moth, sworn—Am a policeman; reside on Pike street, just back of Stephen's Hoffman's; was on duty on the night of the occurrence; about ten minutes after 3 there I heard a rap; I was on the corner of factory and Penn streets; I answered the call, and with officer Robert Elliott went down to Steve Hoffman's house; when we reached there I went in and took hold of Steve Hoffman; officer John Moon had hold of him and I took him; Moon then went out back; did not see Nick Hoffman there; Moon after wards came back and took hold of Steve again and took hold of the lock-up; did not see Nick until I reached the watch-house; the fuss was over when I reached Hoffman's; saw Laughran in Lemon's house, lying in a back room; I had been under my half-hour round, when I heard the call, and had been at the corner only a few moments; knew Laughran, had not seen him before that night.

Officer John C. Moon, sworn—Live on Pike street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets; on the night of the 13th of May, the occurrence; there was pretty much of a spree at Hoffman's and Lemon's; dancing, fiddling and singing all night; the "spree" commenced about nine or ten o'clock; think there was about 18 in the house; thought there were parties in the houses; passed the houses every half hour; they kept up until half-past two of that night; was in the neighborhood, and thought things had quieted down; after breaking my round I sat down in my box at Canal and Penn streets; was sitting there when I heard a rap; I started out and met officers Colton and Mooney; we went up to Hoffman's house; found the door fast and locked; officer Colton asked them to open the door, stating that he was an officer, and it was opened; call to who opened it; we three went in; I saw Stephen and Nicholas Hoffman in the front room; they were the first I saw; Nicholas Hoffman's head, arms and his right hand were very bloody; his head appeared to be in a mass of blood; did not look to see what cuts he had; did not have much time to examine; in the meantime officer James Mooney had taken Nicholas in custody; I took charge of Stephen, to see who was standing with Nicholas; when I went into the bar room Nicholas was standing near the front door and Stephen was near to the door; officer Colton and Mooney, myself, Nicholas and Stephen Hoffman and Stephen's wife were in the house at the time; Stephen Hoffman was doing nothing only talking when I went in but he had his left shoulder against the door; Nicholas was standing there but doing nothing he was I think in his shirt sleeves; I did not see Laughran at that time; I gave Stephen Hoffman in charge of officer Metz and wanted to go in the back yard but officer Cotton objected until we could get a light; I came out at Hoffman's front door, went in at Lemon's front door and back to the kitchen and there lying on the floor was Laughran; he was on his back and was lying on his back on the floor; could not say who he was there, only stayed long enough to ask who it was and then left.

Cross-examined—At two o'clock there was no disturbance in the house at Hoffman's, but when I made my half past two o'clock round, the noise had abated some what.

Dr. Joseph Lemon, sworn—I am a physician and surgeon; have been practicing twenty-three years; have practiced in the United States seven years; came to Pittsburgh in October, '65; I knew Thomas Laughran, the deceased; never knew him until I was called to see him after he was stabbed; first saw him Friday evening, October 8th, but left without making an examination, understanding that other physicians were there before me; went next day for; Saturday morning following I was waited upon at my office by some men and requested to go to Steve Hoffman's house; was told a man had been stabbed; I went with the men, met Dr. Duncan and examined the patient in the forenoon; the house I was lying was in the fifteenth street, in the Ninth ward; I examined the patient carefully and found him in a dangerous condition, from a penetrating wound in the breast. I asked, "In what way did Nicholas Hoffman stab you?" Objected to and objection overruled; he replied, "He held the knife thus" (witness holding up his right hand); I asked, "At what time did this occur?" He answered, "It occurred about half-past two o'clock Thursday morning, in October; was taken into the First Ward House by John Lemon. I asked, "How long was you in Hoffman's when the disturbance took place?" Objected to by defense, and objection sustained.] I asked, "How did the disturbance take place?" Objected to by defense, and objection overruled. He replied: "James Hanlon and Hoffman were talking about rolling half blooms of iron, and I made the remark that if we were at Zug's mills he would have to roll half blooms occasionally. Hoffman took it as an insult that he would have to roll half blooms and struck me, to prove that he would not."

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THE RAILROAD EXCURSION.

The Party in the Oil Country—Sights and Scenes Among the Derricks—The "Columbia" Property and Mill—Farms—Courtesies Received—Personal Notice.

In our last regular report of the progress of the excursionists we left them safely at Venango City. At this point A. J. Cassatt, Esq., Superintendent of the P. R. R. bid a temporary adieu to the party to pay a visit to his father, who is engaged extensively in the refining of oil, purposing to rejoin it the following day, either at Corry or some other point on the proposed route.

The train passed over to Oil City, and the party partook of an excellent dinner at the "Duncan House."

The excursion train passed over to the track of the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railroad, a designation which now embraces several consolidated roads, of which John Pitcairn, Jr., Esq., brother of Robert Pitcairn, superintendent of the Western Division of the P. R. R., is General Manager. Mr. Pitcairn was formerly superintendent of a division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and at the time of his appointment to his present position, which took place about two years ago, was Superintendent of the Philadelphia and Erie. The excursion train was under his direction from Oil City to Corry, and his deliberate promptness inspired all on board with confidence. He is decidedly an energetic young gentleman, and highly qualified for his position. The Pitcarn family seem to have been born railroad men. Our Southern friends who are on a tour of observation will find the Girard House, at Girard, and especially the Pennsylvania Central, are managed by such young men as Messrs. Pitcairn, Cassatt, Brooks, Scott, Wilson, Thomson, Lowry, Lewellyn and Lloyd, "Yankee boys" are possessed of superior qualifications for business and conducting of affairs of the great corporations.

The first point at which a stop was made after leaving Oil City was the "Story Farm," better known now as the territory of the Columbia Oil Company. Here the excursionists were met by Messrs. Story, Walton, Brown Hand, which discovered excellent music for about half an hour for the entertainment of the visitors, and under the conduct of D. A. Stewart, Esq., of Pittsburgh, marched two by two over a portion of the territory of the company. The first well visited was yielding forty barrels a day, and has not failed to yield for five years. There are about fifty wells now in operation on the production of which, according to the daily report on the day the excursionists visited them, was about four hundred barrels. Four additional wells are now being drilled. The whole territory about five hundred acres—of the company was purchased originally for $25,000. Since its first organization it has paid about three millions of dollars to the stockholders.

In full view of the Columbia property is the Dalzell farm, on the most elevated point of which our attention was directed to a well which is being bored for Mr. Dalzell. Commissioner Delano expressed it as his opinion that there will be a great increase yet in the production of oil.

The next point of interest was the Miller farm, the scene of operations of the "Pipe Company," where the "lateral" is manufactured for miles in iron pipes, is loaded on the cars, twenty-five of which can be loaded in an hour, and is sent to the oil fields located in this way a distance of seven or eight miles. The Company have about sixty-four hundred men employed, and the mills have a capacity of three hundred thousand barrels, and they handle one hundred thousand barrels per month. Mr. Wormcastle, the Superintendent, showed great courtesy to the visitors.

The train halted for a few minutes at Titusville, where Messrs. J. McC. Creighton, D. A. Stewart, and some others took their leave, the excursion party and returned to Pittsburgh to attend to pressing duties.

The excursion party left Corry, the terminus of the O. C. & A. R. R., about half-past six o'clock in the evening, where the halting of the train to the track of the Philadelphia and Erie road occupied some thirty minutes. Here the party were joined by W. A. Baldwin, General Superintendent of the Philadelphia and Erie, and J. W. Reynolds, Esq., Superintendent of the Western Division of the same road. Both of these gentlemen were most devoted in their attentions to the excursionists, and the pleasure of the trip may be judged of from the fact that the run from Corry to Erie, a distance of thirty-eight miles, was made in one hour and forty-five minutes.

On the arrival of the train at Erie at eight o'clock in the evening, the party found carriages in waiting to conduct them to the "Reed House," where all were furnished with luxurious apartments.

An excursion on Lake Erie on Friday morning was talked of, but it may be that the party, on invitation, would only visit the revenue cutter, Michigan, lying in the bay.

Honor to Whom Honor is Due.

Perhaps it may be considered an insidious act in us to single out any one concern in our city for special commendation, where all have equal claims upon us; but we feel that it is our duty and the duty of all public spirited journalists, a duty which we owe not only to the community in general, but to the people of our citizens, to hold up for encouragement and imitation any individual or set of individuals who have in their sphere of labor, or in the line of their matter of industry manufacturers, of whatever kind. Whosoever does this is entitled justly to the regard of the community generally, for the advantages that follow from it. We know of no firm which is so justly entitled to the reward of being held up as worthy of imitation as that of Messrs. C. G. Hammer & Sons, of Nos. 46, 48 and 50 Sixth street, for the skill displayed in the manufacture of furniture to a higher standard than it has ever before attained here, and equal to the best of the finer products of our eastern cities, or indeed Europe for that matter, in that line. For fine finish, beauty, freshness of design, and durability of character such furniture has never before been produced in Pittsburgh. We ask our readers to call and examine specimens, and they will be made welcome to see if we have exaggerated in regard to the workmanship of this firm.

Go There.

There is no difficulty in getting exactly suited in clothing if the purchaser will only go to the right place. Such a house as that of Hespenheide & Co.'s, No. 50 Sixth street, for instance, is the kind to patronize. Every garment from that establishment is made just well because it is sure to fit, and in thus fitting it will always give satisfaction. The gentlemen comprising this firm make it a duty and a pleasure in clothing the form of every their house without it is exactly the article which the patron bargained for, and hence every customer who calls for clothing at either of their establishment has been made secure. Go there for clothing.

How to Look Young—Sixteen.—Don't paint or use vile Hair Restorers, but simply apply Hagan's Magnolia Balm upon your face, neck and hands, and use Lyon's Kathairon upon your hair. The Balm makes your complexion pearly and soft and beautiful, and you look what did it. It removes freckles, tan, sallowness, ring-marks, moth-patches, etc.; and in cases where it would be hard to tell what caused was equally emphatic in her disapprobation of the other. The old one contended that it did not wish to lead an honest life, and these efforts to a splendid head of hair produced by the Kathairon, and a lady has done her best in the way of adornment. Brothers who have no spinster sisters to whom these articles are acceptable.

T-TH-S

The Weed Sewing Machine has more strong points in its favor than any other. Call at 116 Market street and examine the "Weed."

Ladies will consult their interest by calling at the the new stand stocking store, No. 30 Fifth avenue, before purchasing elsewhere. A large and carefully selected stock of summerino underwear on hand, at prices as reasonable as any house in the city.

JOHN DEGELMAN & CO.,
No. 30 Fifth avenue.

Parasols, Parasols, parasols, parasols, parasols.

Ribbons and laces, ribbons and laces, ribbons and laces.

Fans and hats, fans and hats, fans and hats.

Ladies' toilet goods, ladies' toilet goods, ladies' toilet goods.

At No. 81, No. 83, No. 81, No. 81, Moorhead's, Market street, near the Diamond.

Just the Place.—Travelers stopping in the city temporarily, and desiring a hotel with clean beds, cosy and comfortable rooms, and a bill of fare which makes the tables attractive and enticing will find the Girard House, corner Isabella and Federal streets, Allegheny, just the place for them. It is convenient, being for all parts of the city, and possesses the advantage of a retired, homelike hotel within easy distance of all points of interest.

Go to Youngson's.—If you want a real delicious dish of the finest flavored ice cream, which melts away in your mouth like that prepared for the delicate palate of a luxurious fairy, go to Youngson's, 69 Fifth street, Smithfield street and Diamond alley. And when you are there don't forget to try some of their confectionery, cakes, jellies, candies, foreign fruits—all of which are of the most luscious character.

Ladies' extra size brown cotton hose.
Ladies' balbriggan hose.
Ladies' and children's white listen and Berlin gloves. A great variety of colored gloves at the new stand stocking store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.

JOHN DEGELMAN & CO.

Job Lot.—A few dozen left of those regular made English cotton hose at the new stand stocking store.

JOHN DEGELMAN & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CARBOLIC SALVE,

Made with pure CARBOLIC ACID, which is used in Hospitals by direction of Eminent Physicians, has already proved itself to be the most speedy and *effectual* cure for all Malignant Sores and Ulcers, and for Burns, Cuts, Wounds, and all Skin Diseases for equal as a Dressing. No other remedy has yet been discovered. PRICE, 25 CENTS.

ALSO,

Henry's Insect Powder,

For the Destruction of ROACHES, BED BUGS, ANTS, &c. PRICE, 25 CENTS, at

L. H. ROSENBACH'S

Patent Medicine Depot,

140 SMITHFIELD ST.

Jel2

OUR NEW PAPER.

J. L. READ & SON,
STATIONERS,
Jel7 102 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

MARRIED:

JAMISON—HERRON—At the family residence, Union avenue, Allegheny, on Thursday evening, June 16th, by Rev. John P. Dressy, D. D., THOMAS JAMISON to ISABELLA HERRON.

WALTON—YOUNG—On Thursday evening, June 16th, at the residence of the bride's mother, No. 301 Penn street, Pittsburgh, by Rev. J. H. Young, GEORGE W. WALTON, M. D., of Cincinnati, to MRS. GEORGIANA YOUNG, daughter of the late Wm. Young.

HILL—HUNKER—On Thursday, the 16th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. John A. Gray, assisted by Rev. T. H. Hanna, Mr